

The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

Year VI, No. 42.

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1913

Per Year \$1.50

An Interesting Document

There is nothing that so readily bespeaks the class of people residing in a town or district than the appearance of the buildings. At a glance a traveller can judge the thrift, care and general intelligence of the residents by the number of painted buildings there is in town. In fact the paint is as much the indicator of a town at first sight as the advertisements in the town's newspaper. If you pick up a newspaper and have to get your glasses on to see the ads in it you are not very much struck with the interior of the business men there and mentally decide it is a sleepy town.

If you pass through a town and see that many of the buildings are not painted and many others need fresh coats you wonder if the town is going to the bow-wows or think there must be a poor country back of it.

If you pass through the country and note that the farm houses need and the implements stand in the field you conclude either the farmer is not thrifty or the soil is not the kind you would care to own.

But if the buildings are all neatly and tastefully painted you at once acknowledge that the people resident there are a thrifty, intelligent lot and that it is a desirable community in which to live.

In this respect Gleichen is well qualified to boast a little. Most of the buildings in town and country are no sooner erected than they are tastefully painted. We need only take one of our local firms to prove this assertion and quote a letter of one of the firms that Rowe, Rowe & Rowe purchase from.

The letter is from G. F. Stephens & Co., Limited, of Winnipeg, one of the largest and best known paint manufacturers in Canada and reads as follows:

Dec. 18th, 1912

Robert Rowe, Esq.,

Gleichen, Alta.,

Dear Sir: In looking over our sales records for the current year, we were gratified to note the large volume of business you have given us, which is much in excess of any previous year, and compares favorably with some of our largest accounts in the bigger centres, such as Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, etc.

It may be somewhat of a surprise, even to yourself, to know that your purchases for 1912 to date, of paint, stains, varnishes, etc., have exceeded 2000 gallons, or to put it in another way you have purchased material sufficient to give two coats to a surface of 1,200,000 square feet, which is surely an indication that you have enjoyed a large and profitable business this year.

Permit us in closing to congratulate you on this splendid showing and to assure you of our appreciation of your valued trade.

Hoping 1913 will prove equally or even more successful, we are,

Yours very truly,
G. F. Stephens & Co., Ltd.,
per D. McIver,
Sales Manager.

Mr. Rowe was rather disinclined to allow the CALL the use of this letter for publication at first, but when it was pointed out that it was not only a credit to him, but the entire district and that the world should know its contents he assented and said: "Let it go, but remember the Stephens company is not the only firm I buy paint from. We have certainly done a lot of painting this year."

The CALL staff are enjoying a part holiday to start the New Year and this issue is therefore short many interesting items.

Interesting Meeting Gleichen U. F. A.

Appended will be found a copy of the minutes of the last meeting held by the Gleichen branch of the U. F. A. as kindly supplied by the secretary:

Minutes of meeting of U. F. A. No. 96, held in the Town Hall, Gleichen, Dec. 28th, 1912.

Meeting was called to order by President N. N. Hayes.

Upon roll call of officers only President Hayes and Secretary W. D. Trego responded.

Upon roll call of members the following answered: W. H. Goodwin, N. W. McMillan, J. A. Blackbourne, E. Griesbach, T. W. Bates, N. N. Hayes and W. D. Trego.

As the secretary reported that he had mislaid one sheet of the minutes of the previous meeting the reading of the minutes was left over for the next meeting.

Moved by E. Griesbach and W. H. Goodwin that:

Be it resolved that we register our firm protest against the most unfair form of machine contracts and notes as used by the big machine companies in the province of Alberta, and that we insist upon the legislature of this province providing a uniform form of contracts and notes which will protect the farmers as well as the machine companies, and to provide that no notes can draw more than 8 per cent interest nor have collection enforced on them prior to May 1st following the year of sale, except in cases where the purchasers may attempt to resell the goods covered by the notes, or to remove them from the locality in which the purchaser lived at the time of sale.

"Be it further resolved that a copy of this resolution be mailed to the Hon G. W. Cross, attorney general, and to the Hon. A. L. Sifton, Premier of Alberta, and to the Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture, and to the Hon. H. W. Riley, our member, and another copy be sent to the annual convention at Calgary for the ratification of the annual convention." Carried unanimously.

Moved by N. W. McMillan and J. A. Blackbourne that the Irrigation Committee only allow such farmers as are members of the U. F. A. and who have contributed to the Fighting Fund to obtain free advice from the Irrigation committee's solicitor free of charge. Carried unanimously.

Moved by N. W. McMillan and J. A. Blackbourne that we favor the publicity policy of the Irrigation committee as outlined at their meeting of Dec 6th, 1912. Carried unanimously.

After some discussion it was moved by N. W. McMillan and T. W. Bates that we increase the Irrigation committee for this Union to five members. Carried unanimously. N. W. McMillan and T. W. Bates were elected to act with the previous committee.

The flour committee not having completed their work the committee was continued.

Upon motion of J. A. Blackbourne and T. W. Bates the meeting adjourned to meet at the Palace Hotel, at 1 p. m. Saturday, January 4th, 1913.

The New Year was ushered in by one of the heaviest wind storms for many months. No damage is reported and Old Sol is as cheerful as ever.

The Christmas Tree

The Christmas tree last week brought happiness not only to every child in the Gleichen school district but to their elders as well. There was on the tree a gift for every child Santa Laycock being careful to supply a number of extra presents in case there were any overlooked. The children were as happy a lot of youngsters as ever got together on a similar occasion, each one taking their part in the lengthy program to a nicety and it would indeed be difficult to attempt even a short review or select exceptions so varied was the list.

There is however, much credit due the teachers, who spared no effort or time in training the children. Principal Coffey very modestly says the whole credit is due his assistants Miss McDonald and Miss Gooderham and is much pleased that the people generally have not neglected to shower them with compliments.

Mrs. D. McLeod also deserves much credit for her assistance on the piano and in many other ways.

To the ladies who spent their time in collecting money for the purchase of the gifts and selecting them so appropriately for each child there is much thanks due, especially Mrs. Bartch, Mrs. Ramsay, Mrs. Brosseau and Mrs. McCammon.

Thanks are also due to Brosseau Bros. who gave the use of the Opera House at cost.

About \$200 were subscribed by the generous Gleichen people toward the gifts and the receipts at the door amounted to nearly \$100, the balance left over will be used for the School Library.

Mrs. Williams Grew Excellent Flax

Everyone who saw it growing or has since seen the flax grown on Mrs. F. C. Williams' farm, two miles north of town admits it is the finest flax they ever saw. In fact, it has been examined by several of the grain experts and their opinion is that it is of exceptional fine quality. The flax yielded 30 bushels to the acre, and there were 60 acres of it sown, yielding 1,800 bushels. Mrs. Williams also had some other grain that yielded well. One field of 20 acres of oats yielded 65 bushels to the acre, and another field of 35 acres gave the same yield, all of which graded Extra No. 1. Sixty acres of spring wheat yielded 1,030 bushels graded No. 2, another of 25 acres yielded 350 bushels graded No. 3, and still another field of 60 acres gave 1,600 bushels grading No. 2 and 3. Besides this 90 acres wheat and 50 of oats cut for green feed.

The Cheyenne Stampede in moving pictures at the Opera House. Don't miss it.

Chief Game Guardian Banj. Lawton writes the CALL that many persons throughout the Province are under the impression that the close season for beaver that has existed for some time past will open on the 31st day of December 1912. As this is incorrect I take this opportunity of advising you of the fact in order that you may advise your readers accordingly, if you so wish. You will find by referring to Sec. 18, of Chapter 13, of the Provincial Statutes of 1910, that the close season for beaver was extended from December 31st, 1912 to December 31st, 1915. Consequently there will be no open season for beaver before the 31st day of December 1915.

Hockey Tonight! Calgary Argonauts vs. Gleichen. Don't miss it.

Don't fail to see the first league match of the season on Friday evening when the old rivals Bassano and Gleichen cross sticks.

Marquis Wheat Recleaned at \$1.50 per bushel

Banner Oats Recleaned at 45c. per bushel.

These oats are of an extra heavy yielding strain yielding in 1912, 120 bushels to the acre.

M. Bolinger
Box 194, Gleichen, Alta.

Gleichen Lodge Has Celebration

Gleichen Lodge No. 36 A. F. & A. M. celebrated St. John's day in good style. First at 7.30 p. m. assembling in the Hall where the officers for the ensuing year were installed with the usual ceremonies.

The elective officers are as follows:
W. M.—T. H. Beach
S. W.—A. McLeay
J. W.—D. Brereton
Treas.—R. N. Notter
Secy.—Rev. H. W. G. Stocken
D. D. G. M.—A. R. Yates

At the conclusion of the installation ceremonies the members with their guests to the number of some eighty odd, adjourned to the Gleichen Hotel where a sumptuous repast was served and thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

After the good things provided had been done ample justice to, the usual toasts were proposed and responded to beginning with "The King and the Craft" and closing by the Tyler's Toast, "Happy to meet, sorry to part, happy to meet again." From the beginning of the evening until its close, it was one of thorough enjoyment, Host Curran and his competent staff of assistants answering every call upon their services.

Gleichen Grain Market

WINTER WHEAT

1 Red.....	62
2 Red.....	59
3 Red.....	55
4 Red.....	47
5 Red.....	41
6 Red.....	32
1 Rej. Red.....	51
2 Rej. Red.....	48
3 Rej. Red.....	45

1 White.....	52
2 White.....	49
3 White.....	48
4 White.....	42
5 White.....	40

1 Rej. White.....	41
2 Rej. White.....	40
3 Rej. White.....	31
Rye.....	42

SPRING WHEAT

1 Northern.....	62
2 Northern.....	59
3 Northern.....	55
4 Northern.....	47
5 Northern.....	41
6 Northern.....	32
Feed.....	27

1 Rej. Northern.....	51
2 Rej. Northern.....	48
3 Rej. Northern.....	45

Ex. 1 Feed Oats.....	20
1 Feed Oats.....	18
2 Feed and Rej.....	16

3 Barley.....	32
4 Barley.....	24
Feed.....	21

1 Nor West Flax.....	78
1 Manitoba.....	76
Rej.....	54
Condemned.....	38

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's congregation will be held tomorrow evening—Friday. A full attendance is requested.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

WITH WHICH IS UNITED
THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$ 28,000,000
Capital Paid Up 11,800,000
Reserve Fund 12,800,000
Total Assets 175,000,000

290 Branches throughout Canada.

Savings Department at all Branches.

LONDON, ENG., OFFICE
Bank Bldgs—Princes St.

NEW YORK AGENCY
Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

GLEICHEN BRANCH: H. B. WILSON, Manager.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager
JOHN AIRD, Assistant General Manager

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 REST, \$12,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of \$1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor.

GLEICHEN BRANCH. J. CAMERON, Manager

THE ALBERTA TRANSFER, Ltd.

A. S. Wood, Manager
Successors to G. J. Hunter

The Best Cartage System in Gleichen

Every Class of Work Carefully and Promptly
Handled

Headquarters for COAL

For Steam and Domestic Use

Sole Agents For

Galt Lump Coal

Anthracite Lump Coal

Anthracite Nut Coal

and Briquettes

The Best For all Domestic Purposes

McKie & Henderson



IF YOU COULD

take your foot of dirt and put it where you wanted to, its value would be largely increased—that's where the location comes in. Next best thing is to see us and buy a desirable site, or a house on that site, or trade, or rent. We're open for any good real estate proposition.

REAL ESTATE
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

Advertise in the Call

IN THE BALANCE

By L. G. MOBERLY

Author of
"Dan and Another," "A Tangled Web," "The King," etc.
WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne and Toronto.

(Continued)

Her few commonplace sentences ended. Dorothy stood for a moment, beside the bed, silently gazing at the great crimson rose at her feet; then as if taking her courage into her two hands, she said suddenly—
"Miles, will you tell me why you don't want to get well? Why are you not trying to get well?"

"Not trying? Not wanting? He faltered, his eyes looking anywhere but at his wife's lovely face. What makes you think that?"

"That you don't really want to live? You show it so plainly, Miles. You aren't making any effort to get better. I believe, she dropped to her knees by the bedside. I believe—you are purposely setting your will against getting better."

Miles' white face flushed darkly and he turned his head a little away from her.

It would be wiser if I did not get better, he said. As I lay here, I have had time to think of all I have done. I am not justified in getting well. His mouth set itself firmly, his eyes suddenly faced her, and though they were sunken and weary, they shone with determination.

Not justified—in getting well for my sake? she whispered breathlessly, bringing out her words in little jerks, and smoothing his coverlet with restless, nervous touch.

For your sake? The sick man edged nearer to her, his hand closed over her restlessly moving fingers. Why do you say that, Dorothy, when it is only for your sake that I know I ought to die.

I don't agree with you, Dorothy's voice shook, though she tried to speak lightly, and she laughed a little happy laugh as Miles' hand tightened on hers. If it is all the same to you, she suddenly lifted her eyes and looked full into his. I would rather you lived for my sake—because—

Because—why? Miles had drawn himself quite to the edge of the bed, his face was very near to her down-bent head, the pressure of his hand was sending little thrills of ecstasy through her veins. Because—why? he repeated, his voice like a caress.

Because, she whispered the words so that they were barely audible, because—I want you Miles; I can't do without you. You are all my world.

Sheer amazement kept him dumb for a moment; then he drew her face close against his, and kissed her lips saving huskily—

Do you mean—that you have learnt to care for me—my wife? What has made you care?

All the days of suspense before—all these days of anxiety now—have taught me how much I care, she murmured stroking his face tenderly. I care so much—because I have found—the best to care for. We need must love the highest when we see it, and—I love you—oh! Miles, my dear, my dear, I never knew before what real love meant and now I know—I know.

CHAPTER XXX

You have always been interested in my work; I want to tell you that they have made me assistant surgeon here. Oh! I am so glad—so very glad! Clare put out her hands to Oliver Dyncourt with an impulsive gesture of delight, and as Oliver looked into her eyes some of the sadness of his own face relaxed. The May sunlight shone into her small sitting-room against the blue sky of May the trees in the hospital garden showed daintily green; through the half open door came the cheery sounds of the ward. Some of the aching pain about Dyncourt's heart grew less, and he smiled.

I wanted to hear you say that, he exclaimed abruptly. I knew you would say: I am glad, and I have come to tell you my news before anybody else.

How good of you! How very good of you! Clare's face grew rosy. And I am really and truly glad about the appointment, though it is only just what you deserve. The new operation has made you.

Yes, the new operation has made me. His voice sounded flat and lifeless. I believe I am on the high road to all I ever dreamt about—fame, fortune—the whole show. And they have come too late, he ended under his breath, his tired face turning away from her, his eyes looking dreadfully out across the garden.

Why do you say too late? Clare asked gently.

Because, now that I have attained my ambition, now that everything I worked for is coming to me, I am by myself. Nobody cares whether I succeed or fail; nobody wants me or my ambitions. I once had dreams of a home like other men, you know, he added, almost shamefacedly, under his breath.

But—I am hindering you, he went on quickly before she could speak. You were going out. You don't look like yourself at all. I am going to the Academy to see Dick's picture. I couldn't go to the private view, and I hear my lovely little sister-in-law's Nausicaa is the talk of London. Why don't you come and see it too? she asked looking into his face with eyes that vainly strove to hide their tender sympathy.

Shall I? I'm free this afternoon, his voice was eager. If I wouldn't have you to have a kind of joy like me, I should be thankful to come. I shan't take you if you talk in that absurd way, Clare answered lightly. You and I have always been good comrades and my idea of a comrade is somebody who takes one in all one's humors and makes the best of them.

For better—for worse, Dyncourt quoted dreamily, and Clare turned away abruptly to pick up her gloves, the color wavered over her face in a way Oliver suddenly realized was very becoming as he followed her out of the ward into the street.

I don't think I ever realised before what an extraordinary power there is in sheer beauty, Clare said when, half an hour later, they stood side by side before the picture of the year. Betty is the loveliest woman I ever saw, and one feels the power of her loveliness even in her picture.

"Nausicaa."

The joy of youth was in her eyes, the joy of love had made her wise. She came to me from Paradise. These were the words beneath Richard Bevan's great picture, and on every side Clare caught the murmured question—

Whose verse is it? Who was his model? I never saw anything more exquisite.

I agree, Clare whispered to her companion; I never saw anything more exquisite, excepting the living woman herself. And it always seems to me that Dick speaks the truth in his little rhyme. She did come to him from Paradise. For a while, Dyncourt looked silently at the picture, where under apple trees in blossom, Nausicaa stepped among the flower-sown grass to meet her fate. Her face was daintily colored as apple blossoms; that fell about her in a rosy shower; the blue sky above her head was not bluer than her eyes; the sun himself seemed to have woven golden beams into the shining glory of her hair, and in eyes and smile and welcoming gesture was the light of newly-awakened love of a joy she herself could not wholly understand.

Exquisite, Dyncourt said, turning away with a little sigh. So—she came from Paradise to him, and are they—

In Paradise together, Clare answered with a soft laugh, a delicious little paradise of their own, in a corner of Mansmore Park, and they live the sort of life one dreams about and never expects to see fulfilled.

Then four people in the world are happy, Dyncourt said brusquely. Someone told me the other day that Sir Miles and his wife are an ideal couple. Is that true, too?

There was something harsh and grating in his voice, his eyes looked at her hungrily, almost as if he hoped she would answer in the negative.

I think it is true, Clare said, her heart aching for him as she said it. Dorothy and Sir Miles went through so much; they deserve their happiness.

Oh! yes, they deserve it—he spoke bitterly, no doubt they do.

And you gave it to them, Clare put in softly. They know, we all know, that you saved his life.

Oliver looked at her again with a strange searching look.

Come out of all this crowd, he said hurriedly; they had still lingered in the vicinity of Bevan's picture. I want to get away from people, and voices, and lights. Come out of it all—into fresh air, and the country. Are you good comrade enough to do that?

Clare smiled.

Of course, she said simply. I agree with you. A day like this ought not to be wasted in London. I only settled to come to the pictures because I had a free afternoon, and it seemed a profitable way of spending it by myself.

(To be Continued)

Prior to the Revolution Indigo was, next to rice, the most valuable product of South Carolina. It was first planted in South Carolina by Elizabeth Luca, who is 1744 became the wife of Chief Justice Charles Pinckney. The annual crop before the Revolution amounted to upward of 1,100,000 pounds.

CORDED A CROCODILE

Turning a Greedy Water devil into a Trussed up Mummy

It is known that a crocodile will sometimes leave a river stocked with food, explore for miles an unsuitable tributary, then wander inland until it finds a pool.

In this way three crocodiles once found their way to Taiping lake, in the Malay peninsula. So long as they confined their attention to the fish and an occasional duck no one objected to their presence, but when one of them began to take sheep off the bank as they came down to drink it was felt that the saurians ought to be exterminated, and an Englishman and his servant made the attempt.

Obtaining a dugout, they paddled into deep water. The servant was already barefooted and the Englishman himself took off his shoes and stockings so that his bare feet might have as good a hold as possible on the smooth bottom of the canoe. A bait was attached to a heavy rattan, and soon a tug and a plunge indicated that the crocodile was fast to one end. Immediately the canoe began to move through the water. After a protracted struggle the Englishman managed to get the crocodile within a few yards of the canoe. At one moment the open jaws would surge out of the broken water and snap together in unpleasant proximity to the men's legs; the next moment the heavy tail would swing free of the water and with the weight of a falling pole would hit the side of the canoe a blow that made it shiver.

As the crocodile surged close to the canoe and the open mouth appeared above the water the servant slipped a noose of stout cord over the upper jaw and pulled it tight some six inches back the point of its nostrils. Then with a quick turn of the wrist, he slipped the slack of the cord round under the lower jaw. He drew the cord tight, and the teeth of each jaw pressed home into the sockets of the other. The servant now grasped the point of the long, narrow head with one hand and with the other rapidly wound the cord round the clinched mouth.

Another noose was slipped over a fore leg. It pulled the leg up to the animal's side. The servant slipped the line over the creature's back and caught up the other fore leg. Then he noosed and tied together the hind legs.

The effect he had achieved was wonderful. In a few minutes he had transformed a ravenous water devil into a trussed up mummy and his only weapon had been three pieces of box cord.

The beast was afterwards dispatched, and the servant received the government reward.

TOMBS OF SAND

Cape Cod's Treacherous Shoals and the Prey they Grip

Secrets of the sands of Cape Cod are constantly being discovered by the sea. In the many storm tides that flood the desolate beaches the hulks of stanch ships lost along the coast on the half hundred miles of beaches between Monomoy at Chatham and Wood End at Provincetown are frequently exhumed from tombs of sand.

Sometimes a wreck appears that has been buried a century, or more, in the case of a few years ago of the bones of the British frigate Somerset whose timbers of oak were disclosed to view back of Provincetown, near the life saving station in Dead Man's Hollow. The Somerset was lost on Peaked Hill Nov. 2 or 3, 1778.

Once a vessel is gripped by the sands the process of entombing never goes on with great rapidity, the craft appearing to sink steadily in the yielding beach. All around the doomed vessel the sand piles up in great drifts, like snow. Every crevice of the hull is quickly filled. The sand rises in a solid barrier outside it and flows about it as the tides flood the shelving beaches. Finally it sweeps over the wreck and the process of entombing goes on until the entombed craft is covered many feet deep.

SURE TO BE MISSED

A Famous Cook's Lament on the Death of His Royal Master

The most successful book that was published by William Harrison Allen during his first year of business says Mr. S. M. Ellis in his biography of the English author and publisher, was a cookbook. It was "The French Cook" by Louis Eustache Ude, the Gil Blas of the kitchen.

This unique study of the culinary art is brought in a handsome sum to the estate young publisher who had purchased the copyright and the cook was in the hands of every gourmet in London.

Ude had been chef of Louis XVI. of France, Letitia Bonaparte and then of the Earl of Sefton at a salary of 300 guineas a year. At another time he presided over the culinary department of the Crocford's, but his favorite master was Frederick, duke of York. When the royal gormand died his bequest of the book was enthusiastically accepted.

"Ah, mon pauvre duc, how much you miss me, wherever you are gone to!"

BAN ON BIG TRUNKS

Baggage Men Wearied of Handling Them as Big as Small Cottages

Railway baggage agents in Canada and the United States have decided that the long trunk must be banned, as far as possible from the baggage car. The Canadian agents have received the sanction of the Dominion Railway Commission to place discriminatory charges on all trunks more than forty-five inches long, and they are waiting for the conceding of permission to the railways of the Republic to do likewise by the United States Railway Commission before putting the new regulations in force in Canada.

For a long time the baggage men groaned at the constant encroachment of a part of the travelling public on the size of baggage, and consequently on the available space in the baggage car. Their patience became exhausted with the introduction into use of the huge wardrobe trunk.

WANTED TO DIE IN PEACE

Riddled Him With Revolver Bullets on Account of His Violent Temper

In Paris, a cabinetmaker, who is named Francis Delarue, has been killed by his wife, a woman suffering from tuberculosis, because, as she declares, his violent temper prevented her from dying in peace.

The woman Delarue, whose case had become hopeless, has for the last few months been confined to bed.

Repeated violent disputes arose between her and her husband, who complained that his mother-in-law, whose services had been requisitioned when the wife was no longer able to attend to her household duties, neglected him.

When Delarue found that his supper was not prepared, there was another violent scene.

During the night the mother-in-law was awakened by loud remarks followed by frantic cries emanating from the sick woman's bed.

Delarue's dead body, riddled with bullets, was then found lying by the side of his wife, who had fired at him four times with a revolver.

The woman, who is semidelirious from excitement, is not expected to live many days. No proceedings of any kind will therefore, be instituted against her.

Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and at once, while future attacks are warder off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

A remarkable exhibition of courage was given at Round-Up, Mont., when half a dozen men divested themselves of their clothing despite the zero weather and plunged into the swift Musselshell river in a vain attempt to rescue 6-year-old Ada Tomlin. Before the men could reach her, the child was swept under the ice. The men then hurriedly dynamited the ice and dived under the cakes to recover the body.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known in the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the source of the disease, and curing the patient in nature in doing its work. The proprietors have no cure for the disease, but they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: J. C. HENRY, 110 Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

Men are so Uncertain Why did you jilt that man who wanted to marry you?

Because he called the prima donna, I couldn't decide whether he was in love with me or merely wanted to hear me sing for nothing.

Minard's Liniment Cures Disasters Gentle Reminder

It was midnight. The man had entered the house as quietly as possible. His shoes made some noise. He had just reached the door of the bedroom when he heard some one moving in the bed as if about to get up, and he paused. The sound of a woman's voice floated to his ears.

If you don't take your boots off when you come into this house, it said, there's going to be trouble, and a whole lot of it. Here it's been raining for three hours, and you dare to tramp over my carpets with your muddy boots on! Go downstairs and take them off this minute!

He went downstairs without a word, but he didn't take off his boots. Instead he went straight out into the night again, and the pal who was waiting for him saw a tear glisten in his eye.

I can't rob that house, he said, it reminds me of home.

Insured Against Twins Woman Who Gave Birth to Two Girls, Collects \$2000 From Germany

Nearly all of the insurance companies who issue policies to apprehensive parents against the risk of twins, are likely to have a considerable increase in this branch of their business as the result of a payment that has just been made by a French company.

Father need no longer view with concern the problem of looking after two children, where they would have joyfully welcomed the advent of one.

All twins now may, both figuratively and practically speaking, be worth their weight in gold.

The insurance company referred to has paid out no less a sum than \$2000 to a woman who presented her husband with twin daughters.

Evidently of a practical turn of mind, the woman recently called at the office of the company and asked for a policy against the risk of having twins.

The manager agreed to the woman's proposal for a monthly premium of \$13, payable for six months.

A few days ago the insurance company received a card announcing the birth of twin daughters to their fair client. The manager at once dispatched the \$2000 and a packet of sweetmeats to the mother.

Insurance companies in England included twins among their risks for the first time this year. The risk of twins is provided against at 5 guineas per cent. Another risk is against a son being born, thereby prejudicing a third person's title to certain money or landed estates.

Generous

She gave her husband a pocket case for his birthday. Anything in it? Yes—the bill!

Possible Mourner

And there was not a soul to mourn his death. Oh, well, there may be some time. How can there be? His widow may marry again.

FOREST FIRE FIGHTERS

Will Have Better Facilities in Future During the coming winter the officers in charge of the Brazeau and Athabasca divisions of the Rocky Mountains forest reserve propose to make "administrative site" surveys at different points on the Reserves. Upon these sites it is proposed to erect ranger and look-out stations which will be no farther apart than one day's trip by back trail, along the primary trail system of the Brazeau Reserve. It is the intention to erect, this winter, at least three or four log cabins for the rangers. A telephone system is also being planned whereby these Ranger Stations will be connected by telephone to the forest supervisor's office. This office is centrally located and telephone lines will run in from all directions, much in the manner of the spokes of a wheel with the central office as the hub.

This region is one of the richest coal regions in Canada and the future development of these coal fields will be amazing. A number of large coal mines are already in operation, and with the completion of the branches of the G.T.P. railway now under construction, will be shipping thousands of tons daily.

With the future development of this country, the timber must be preserved. This region has once been covered with very valuable timber, which has largely been destroyed by fires in the past. There is still an abundant supply of virgin spruce timber, however, and the whole region is green with young lodgepole pine from ten to thirty years in age. If preserved from fire this will be an invaluable asset to the country, both for economic use and as protection to the head waters of the rivers which rise in the foothills of the eastern slope.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c. How Artificial Furs are Made

The raw pieces of felt are frozen and the skin carefully shaved off and then sent to the tanneries to be made into leather. The frozen furs which remain are allowed to thaw slightly at the bottom, so that a small part of the hair is freed from ice. This thawed portion is then covered with a solution of rubber, which is allowed to set.

The result is that large seams—places of fur—are obtained much cheaper than those which come with the natural skin. These same artificial furs are said to be more lasting than the real, because they are immune from the attacks of moths.

The Beauty of a Clear Skin.—The condition of the liver regulates the condition of the blood. A disorder of liver causes impurities in the blood and these show themselves in blotches on the skin. Pimples, the face, the skin, the hair, the eyes, the nose, the mouth, the throat, the lungs, the stomach, the bowels, the bladder, the kidneys, the uterus, the ovaries, the prostate, the testicles, the penis, the vagina, the clitoris, the vulva, the anus, the rectum, the sigmoid, the cecum, the appendix, the pancreas, the gall bladder, the spleen, the liver, the lungs, the heart, the stomach, the intestines, the bladder, the kidneys, the uterus, the ovaries, the prostate, the testicles, the penis, the vagina, the clitoris, the vulva, the anus, the rectum, the sigmoid, the cecum, the appendix, the pancreas, the gall bladder, the spleen, the liver, the lungs, the heart, the stomach, the intestines, the bladder, the kidneys, the uterus, the ovaries, the prostate, the testicles, the penis, the vagina, the clitoris, the vulva, the anus, the rectum, the sigmoid, the cecum, the appendix, the pancreas, the gall bladder, the spleen, the liver, the lungs, the heart, the stomach, the intestines, 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KIDNEY PAINS IN THE BACK

Could Not Stand or Even Turn in Bed
—Legs Greatly Swollen

All Doctor's Medicine Failed—Cure
Effected by Use of

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

Again this great medicine has triumphed over kidney diseases of a severe type. From a bed of suffering and helplessness Mrs. Walsh was restored to health and strength by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Kidney pains in the back tortured her. Dropsical swellings had set in and she had no reason to hope for cure since the doctor's medicine failed to even relieve her. Read what the husband says about this remarkable cure.

Mr. Thos. D. Walsh, Picton, N.S., writes:—"Two years ago my wife took to her bed after suffering for a long time from kidney pains in the back. She was not able to stand on her feet, or even turn herself in bed. The doctor's medicine was no benefit whatever, that we could see. Sometimes her legs would swell considerably. Reading about a woman in similar condition being cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, we purchased two boxes and when these were used she was able to sit up. With three more boxes she was restored to health and doing her own housework."

"As for myself I also found these pills all that is claimed for them. I give this statement in order that others may obtain the same ease from suffering as that experienced by my wife and myself."

One pill a dose, 25c. a box, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Only a Decoy

I think she will make a very domestic wife. I have been calling on her for several months now and always find her darning one of her father's socks.

But have you noticed that it is always the same old sock?

High Finance

Why do you keep asking people for change for a dollar and then asking other people to give you a dollar for four cents?

Well, somebody may make a mistake in change some time. And, believe me, it won't be me.

Pain Flee Before It.—There is a more virtuous "bottle" of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil as a subduer of pain than in millions of other medicine. The public know this and there are few households throughout the country where it cannot be found. Thirty years of use has familiarized the people with it, and made it a household medicine throughout the western world.

A Bridge of Ants

A species of ants which spin silk is common in hot countries. The ants nest in trees, binding the leaves together to make their nests. The silk used for this purpose is not secreted by the adult ants, but by the larvae. In order to attach the silken threads and draw the leaves together the ants must carry the larvae about from leaf to leaf. When two distant leaves are to be drawn together a remarkable method is employed. Five or six ants form a chain bridging the gap between the leaves, each grasping the waist of another in its mandibles. A number of such chains will co-operate in bringing two leaves together.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Prior to the Revolution Indigo was next to rice, the most valuable product of South Carolina. It was first planted in South Carolina by Elizabeth Lucas, who in 1744 became the wife of Chief Justice Charles Pinckney. The annual crop before the Revolution amounted to upward of 1,100,000 pounds.

Made a Difference

Each of those ten dolls is worth \$15, said the physician, essaying the role of a Job comforter. To you or to me, Doc? anxiously asked the afflicted man.

Follows Instructions

The father of a small family tells us this one:

My wife instructed our little boy when he was invited out to lunch the other day that when he was asked to have a second helping of cake he should refuse it. You must say: No, I thank you, I've had enough, said she. And don't you forget it.

He didn't. When asked if he had have some more cake, he said, No, I thank you, I've had enough, and don't you forget it!

Chapped Hands
Won't Bother
You

If instead of
soap you use
SNAP, the
original hand
cleanser.

SNAP contains
no lye or
acids, but
glycerine and
neutral oils
which keep the
skin smooth
and in splendid
condition.

Try SNAP for a week and notice
the difference.

S N A P
Order from your dealer to-day. Save coupons.

W. N. U. 931

DOCTORING A DIAMOND

Trick That Makes a Yellow Stone Appear Clear Blue White

Let me show you a little trick that I would advise you not to put into practice, said a jewel fancier to a number of friends the other day.

The conversation had turned to diamonds during the midday luncheon, and the expert had been holding forth on his favorite subject. The little group of St. Louisians were interested still more when the speaker drew a big solitaire from his finger and beckoned a waitress across the cafe.

Bring me a glass of water and an indelible pencil, said he when the waitress came over to the table. This is a trick that is essentially crooked, said the jewel fancier, and will get by nine times out of ten even when the examiner is an expert at judging stones and detecting trickery. It will make a yellow old color diamond look like a stone of the very first water. Pawnbrokers innumerable have been fooled by this same trick as it is extremely difficult to detect even with a powerful glass.

The expert took the pencil and allowed the lead to dissolve in the glass of water. In a couple of minutes the water was as blue as indigo water.

Now watch, said the man who knew the lore of jewels.

He took the ring and dropped it into the glass. Its brilliancy was dimmed by the hazy, bluish water until it looked like a dead stone.

Now, you noted, said the demonstrator, that the diamond I placed in there was a bit yellow. It will be a clear bluish white when it comes out of its bath.

At the end of a minute the stone was taken out. The top of the gem was dried with a soft handkerchief and then the ring was waved to and fro for a few minutes. It was held up for inspection. Not a gleam of yellow could be seen. The stone was apparently a magnificent blue white gem that any one would be proud to own and loathe to pledge.

It is the blue pigment deposited on the back of the stone that has made the difference, said the jewel expert. The deposit is so filmy that a strong glass cannot detect it. You cannot see it from the rear of the mounting and only a bath of alcohol will remove it. It will stay on the gem for weeks if it is not removed in that way. It is used to be a favorite trick of many folks who now and again had to put a diamond into the hands of a pawnbroker.

The trick is called doctoring a stone but as I said in the beginning, I would not advise you to try it. I don't know what the law on such matters is in Missouri, but there are states where a person convicted of such an offense would serve a long penitentiary term for his cleverness.

VIENNA VIEWS FIGHT OF ALLIES LIKELY

Bulgaria and Greece Believed to be on the Pathway to War
It is stated that the Balkan alliance is characterized in Vienna as virtually blown up.

Information from both Sofia and Belgrade is to the effect that the differences between Bulgaria and Greece are such as can hardly be bridged over; and even the possibility of war between them is being taken into account.

The demands of Greece are considered at Sofia to be quite out of proportion to anything that country has done compared with the efforts of the Bulgarians. The services rendered by the Greek navy are acknowledged but with regard to the army it is pointed out that Greece began the war with four divisions and Serbia with five, but that Bulgaria put ten divisions into the field.

Bulgaria too has accompanied the most difficult work of the war and has suffered an incomparably greater loss of life than any of the other allies. In spite of all this the Bulgarian government is raising only moderate demands.

Bulgaria's moderation in the face of her enormous losses of men in the fighting is dictated largely by the fact that she is going to be Turkey's only neighbor in Europe. For this reason King Ferdinand has adopted a policy of moderation and goodwill.

A further motive for Bulgaria's readiness to come to terms with Turkey is declared in diplomatic circles to be the growing antagonism between the various allies and the possibility of a hostile settlement of their respective claims, especially with regard to Greece.

A SENSITIVE DIPLOMAT

Argentine Minister Sees Reflection of His Country in Play

An absurd and rather amusing diplomatic incident is making all Paris laugh. The minister of the Argentine Republic has protested at the foreign office against the use of a sentence in "The Green Coat," the amusing play by MM. de Fiers and de Callave, which is one of the successes of the season at the Theatre des Varietes.

A musician in the play says: "I have been offered \$20,000 to go to the Argentine for two months and give concerts. I am not going to risk my life among the niggers."

Owing to the protests of the Argentine minister, the authors of the play have altered the Argentine to Australia.

A Legend of Lace

According to Melchior de Vogue, the legend of lace is as follows: A Venetian sailor gave his ladylove a frond of seaweed to keep him in memory while at sea. But the girl found that the seaweed was rapidly drying up and disappearing. So she caught the fine branches and leaves of the plant with thread against a piece of linen and, working on, with her thoughts following her lover, invented lace.

Run to One Name

In the village of Walchwil, Switzerland, out of a population of 1,044 no fewer than 508 persons possess the name of Hurlmann.

Did she give him anything to remember her first husband by? Yes; herself.

A NEW INVENTION

Safety Appliances Added to Grand Trunk Equipment

Of all the multitude of problems and anxieties which make the head of a railroad official, like his that wears a crown, lie uneasily none is of greater importance than the safety of passengers and the stability of equipment. A railroad system however carefully organized and efficiently manned is a human device and accidents are bound to occur although reduced to a minimum. When accidents, in the form of collision occur, it generally follows that many valuable lives are lost and that a number of expensive cars are reduced to matchwood. Passengers realize that their greatest danger is telescoping, but few of them know that telescoping is due to the fact that the body of the car merely rests upon the trucks and is unconnected with it save for a two inch centre pin of negligible importance.

Were it possible to make a solid unit of body and truck the problem would appear to have been solved. This however cannot be done for the one must be readily detachable from the other to facilitate repairs. How then to make them detachable at need and yet a solid unit in operation is a question that has been solved by the Grand Trunk System and its solution can fairly be claimed to mark the greatest advance in railroading since Westinghouse brought out his air-brake. No other railroad on this continent has taken any steps to work out such an equipment and no other railroad in the world has been able to work out anything of practical value.

No invention of such importance was ever simpler. Only five solid castings. So complicated a fragment of machinery. Nothing to get out of work or be wrongly used. When assembled the device resembles nothing so much as two gigantic nuts, one superimposed upon the other, and held together by easily removed vertical keys and pins. In a collision the force of the impact stops the trucks of each car but since the object that has been struck continues to move and the bodies have a tendency to follow them; while the sudden application of the brakes to the trucks simultaneously with the impact also causes the bodies to move, these last become partially or entirely shifted from their normal position upon the trucks. The impact strikes the platforms of trucks first and all if these remain undisturbed the danger of telescoping would be small but when the bodies are shifted one inch higher than the other, its platform climbs upon the lower platform and the two bodies crush into each other.

It is evident that some force must be applied to counteract the movement of the bodies and the only one available has never been taken advantage of—brake force which acts upon the wheels that are attached to the truck. This is why a device had to be planned that would make truck and body a unit so as to allow the brake to act upon them both. In addition the joining of the truck to the body hangs the weight of the former upon either end of the latter and to that extent helps to prevent the body from rising up.

Impressed with certain accidents, Mr. J. Coleman, superintendent of the Grand Trunk Car Department at Point St. Charles, started to work upon this idea, as has been said nearly two years ago. Last August he submitted his invention, which he describes as a centrifugal lock in the centre plate of the car, to the President, Mr. Chamberlin, who was so impressed with its value that he ordered the device to be added to all future equipment and at the present time it is being built into 96 Grand Trunk Pacific passenger cars.

The weight of these cars varies from 80,000 lbs for a baggage car to 115,000 pounds for a passenger coach, while the weight of trucks varies from 12,000 pounds for a four wheeled truck to 20,000 pounds for a six wheeled truck.

Within the past month or so the Board of Railway Commissioners, evidently impressed also with the danger of telescoping and its cause, gave notice to the Canadian Railways that at a future session it would inquire what was to be done to obviate the danger and why they should not be made to fasten body and truck together in some way. For this reason nothing has been said by the Grand Trunk about its device as the company was desirous of obtaining first the approval of the Commissioners, but Grand Trunk officials feel no small pride that in this important matter they have been the pioneers of all the railroads of the world and are confident that they have added immeasurably to the safety of passenger travel.

FOUR BADLY HURT IN BOBSLEIGH SMASH

Winter Sports in Swiss Resort Are Marred by Unpleasant Accident

A few days ago, four young Englishmen, Messrs. Baker, Dennison, MacConnell and Gibbs, who are studying at Neuchatel, met with a serious accident yesterday while taking part in winter sports at Chaumont, a mountain village near Neuchatel.

They were descending on a bobsleigh and in turning a corner dashed into a wooden barrier. All four were seriously injured. Mr. MacConnell had thigh fractured. Mr. Dennison injured his leg. Mr. Baker dislocated his collarbone and is feared, broke a rib, while Mr. Gibbs sprained an ankle.

Owing to the want of telephonic communication nearly four hours passed before the arrival of a Red Cross automobile and a taxi to take the injured men to a hospital. Today it is reported that they are doing well.

During the last three days southern Switzerland has been swept by a heavy snowstorm and snow continued to fall today. Around Lake Geneva the snow is several inches deep and the Alpine passes are blocked with over a yard of snow. Many travellers are stranded on the hospices of the monks.

A Fine Voice

Smith—Your wife has a fine voice. Jones—Yes, one of the best in the world; otherwise it would have been worn out several years ago.

WOMAN DIVINER FINDS SPRINGS AND METALS

Rich Petroleum Well One of the Fruits of Her Remarkable Gift

Madame Charlotte von Tuckoery, a Hungarian, who is endowed with the remarkable gift of divination, will shortly arrive in Paris on her way to London.

From her childhood she has amused herself by exercising her peculiar powers in search of water and metals on the great Hungarian plains.

She has frequently discovered springs, the existence of which no one suspected, and one of her achievements was the locating of four springs on the estate of Herr Kubelik, in Bohemia, while she was the guest of the famous violinist.

Her usual method is to make use of a divining rod made of hazelwood or willow, which she allows to lead her over the ground. In this way she has discovered not only springs of water and petroleum, but also seams of gold, silver and coal.

Last year, while travelling in Hungary, passing through a district called Neutra, she was able by her extreme sensibility, to indicate that for six and a half miles the train had passed near deposits of gold and silver.

One of her latest successes has been the discovery of a rich petroleum spring near Hanove, at a depth of 750 feet, which is now being exploited.

Mme. von Tuckoery, who is a tall, handsome woman of about 40, is unable to account for her wonderful gifts.

While searching for hidden springs and metals she resembles a woman walking in her sleep.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

The Hudson Bay Company's post at Fort George, British Columbia, are laying their plans and making arrangements to have their next season supplies come in by way of Edmonton and Tete Jaune Cache over the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. This arrangement marks a new feature in transportation over that country, as heretofore all freight had to be drawn in by wagon over the old caribou road for a distance of 167 miles, and thence by steamer for another 150 miles. During the coming season they will be able to bring their freight to Tete Jaune Cache, and then down the Fraser with their own scows manned with native Indians.

Force of Habit

He was an old merchant who had built up a big business by advertising.

John said his wife, what do you want on your tombstone?

Oh, he answered, it isn't very important what the text is so long as it gets good space and is well displayed.

Forests of the Philippines, according to a government expert, contain 200,000,000,000 board feet of lumber one-half as much as in the forest reserves of the United States, but on an average the area of land.

MUCH-RIBBONED FRENCHMEN

One Out of Every Twenty-one Bears Some Decoration

From a volume which was recently published by M. Jules Martin, it appears that one of every twenty-one Frenchmen bears a decoration of some kind.

France boasts no fewer than 685 different decorations, of which 51 are of recent date. There are many honors which are unfamiliar to the public, though they all confer to an individual the right to wear a piece of multi-colored ribbon in the buttonhole. The Grand Legion of the Merit Agricole is worn by 72,194 Frenchmen, the violet ribbon of Academic Learning by more than 200,000. Some 33,440 members of fire brigades wear their own special medal, while 168,501 workpeople wear the medal and ribbon of Labor.

DOPE RACE HORSES

Two Animals Given Stimulant Barred From Race

In Paris, the stewards of one of the Societe des Steeplechases yesterday decided to disqualify two more race horses on the ground that they had been doped (given a stimulant) before the races which they won.

The decision affects the horse Anderson, which won the Prix de la Maurienne at St. Ouen, and Monsieur Monestyr, the winner of the Prix Guilan on November 13. The betting against Monsieur Monestyr was 65 to 1.

Wonderful Kindness

Hatters—Is Givers good pay? Hanchett—Good pay? Why once when his assets were twice as much as his liabilities he went into bankruptcy so his creditors would get 200 cents on the dollar.

Burglar's Precaution

A daring burglary in Nice was committed at a hotel kept by Samuel Brocq, by a man who plunged the premises in darkness by cutting the electric light wires, and in the confusion which followed entered the hotel proprietor's private room. The burglar made off with \$2000 worth of jewelry.

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

Regularity

of the bowels is an absolute necessity for good health. Unless the waste matter from the food which collects there is got rid of at least once a day, it decays and poisons the whole body, causing biliousness, indigestion, sick headaches, salts and other harsh mineral purgatives irritate the delicate lining of the bowels. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills—entirely vegetable—regulate the bowels effectively without weakening, sickening or griping. Use

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

FIRE-FREE

Little Damage on Rocky Mountains Forest Reserves This Season

During the season of 1912 there have been no dangerous fires within either the Brazeau or Athabaska Forests of the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve. There have been a few small fires along the new railway under construction within the Brazeau Reserve, caused by negligence on the part of contractors, but throughout the season the weather conditions have been so favorable that the danger of serious fires was almost negligible.

The Brazeau and Athabaska forests are the two northerly divisions of the large Rocky Mountains forest reserve, and with proposed additions constitute over one third the total area of the Rocky Mountains forest reserve on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, or about four and a half million acres. The office of the forest supervisor of these reserves is now situated within the Brazeau reserve, at Mile 37 of the Alberta Coal Branch, 46 miles northwest of Edmonton, the first division point on the main line of the G.T.P. Ry., 150 miles west of Edmonton. During the season of 1912 there have been fifteen forest rangers in all stationed at different points over the two reserves. This, of course, is a very inadequate force for such a large area.

EMPEROR'S TREASURES AT PUBLIC AUCTION

Works of Art From Peking Palace to be Sold in London

Negotiations in London, England, are now in progress which will probably lead to one of the most sensational sales of art treasures that has ever taken place in London. This is none other than the offer at public auction of the wonderful treasures from the imperial palaces in China, which have been in the possession of the Chinese imperial family for centuries.

The collection includes the finest specimens of every form of Chinese porcelain and ceramics, and is unique and enormously valuable.

Some of the pieces taken during the looting of the summer palace in Peking in the Boxer rising, trace back at least 3000 years.

No one can compute the value of the porcelain owned by the imperial family. It can only be described as fabulous.

The Chinese palaces are vast storehouses of art treasures. Tai Hai, the late dowager empress, was an assiduous collector, for she used to receive on her birthdays quantities of bronzes and black pearls and gold ornaments of rare workmanship from loyal subjects who wished to buy her favors.

Weatherwise Birds and Fish

The seagull makes a splendid living barometer. If a convey of seagulls fly seaward early in the morning sailors and fishermen know that the day will be fine and the wind fair, but if the birds keep inland, though there be no haze hanging out toward the sea to denote unpleasant weather, interested folk know that the elements will be unfavorable. Of all weatherwise fish the dolphin is the most remarkable. During a fierce gale or a storm at sea the mariner knows that the end of it is near if he can see a dolphin or a number of that fish sporting on the high sea waves.

Preferred Penial Servitude

In Paris, a man named Fauchier presented himself at the police station in Nice last night and asked to be sent back to the French penal settlement from which he had escaped on August 26 last year. He said that he found difficulty in getting employment, and his life was so miserable that he preferred the certainty of food and lodging, even with hard labor.

More Like It

By Jove, said Dingleberry, enthusiastically, look at that girl sitting on the beach there. Isn't she a perfect Nafad!

Nope, said Wigglethorpe, she hasn't been near the water—she's more of a Dry-ad.

Daddy's Bedtime Story

Wishing Tom and His Remarkable Christmas Boots



Tom Could Take Huge Strides.

JACK was an impatient little chap. He was so anxious to get the knot in his shoestring untied that in his hurry he broke it.

"There, you aren't a bit careful," Evelyn chided. "That's the third shoe lace you've broken this week."

"Speaking of shoes, that reminds me of a story," said daddy.

"Once there was a boy named Tom who was always wishing for things. This isn't safe, especially about Christmas, unless you are quite sure you really want the thing you wish for."

"Tom wished that he had a pair of seven leagued boots like Hop-o-My-Thumb, so that he could go striding all over the world and see strange sights."

"And on Christmas eve the Christmas fairy appeared at his bedside and held out a very curious looking pair of shoes to him."

"Here are the seven leagued boots that you've wished for," said the fairy.

"You can put them on and go anywhere you like. You must always take them off at night when you go to bed, and you must never set them down anywhere on their soles. Tie the strings together and hang them up by the strings at night."

"Tom was very much pleased. He thanked the fairy and said he would be very careful. He was so anxious to try them that he got right up and put the shoes on and started out."

"My, how he could walk! In no time he was miles from home seeing all the strange sights he'd hoped so long to see. Now, he was stepping over a river or a mountain in a few long leaps."

"And that night when he went to bed in the little cottage where he was kindly given supper and allowed to sleep he hung up the boots very carefully."

"And the next night the mayor of the town where he stopped had him for tea and gave him the use of his spare bedroom. And Tom hung the shoes up that night."

"The next night he spent with the king of the country through which he happened to be striding at sunset, and the king made a splendid feast for him, and after that there was dancing. Tom was so tired and sleepy when he crawled into bed that he forgot all about hanging up the shoes."

"As soon as they found themselves on their soles the shoes ran right out of the palace and straight back to the fairy."

"And Tom had to walk every step of the hundreds of miles home, or at least, he thought he did, for after awhile he awakened in his own little bed with his mother standing beside him, and she said he had only had a Christmas nightmare."

THE BOW VALLEY CALL

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Ranching and Farming District.

Subscription, \$1.50 a Year; Foreign countries, \$2.00.
Exchange must be added on checks.

Legal Advertising 12 cents a line for first insertion and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Locals 10 cents a line. Lost, Found, Astray and Wanted advertisements 50 cents one insertion or three insertions for \$1. Display ads. \$1 per column inch per month. Changes should reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

Call Office—Corner Gleichen Street and Fourth Avenue
P.O. Box 13 - - - - - Telephone No. 12
W. PARK EVANS, - - - - - Publisher and Proprietor.

Gleichen, Alberta, January 1, 1913

A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL.

Yesterday and Today

Yesterday we passed by and said good-bye to another year—we passed another milestone on the road of time. It was a prosperous year for the majority of our readers. Today we enter on a new year and the CALL desires most sincerely to wish all our readers and advertisers a Bright, Happy and Prosperous New Year. In the history of the Bow Valley no year has ever been entered upon with brighter prospects of success. The twelve months just closed have more than justified the optimistic views held and expressed regarding them in the early spring, and besides having enjoyed a bumper harvest, there have been added to the country's development and resources many industries which go to combine agriculture with general commercial economies. This means added wealth to our special products, and an outlet in mechanical and industrial pursuits for those who look to other means of gaining a livelihood than by tilling the soil—and this year will see yet further avenues to wealth opened up. On all hands there are to be seen signs of progress of the most tangible character, and when this year in its turn takes its place in history, we hope, as we believe, that it will have a record for success exceeding far the impress left by its favored predecessors. Even should 1913 not exceed 1912, but keep even with it, it will be satisfactory; but it is not beyond hope that it will as far outstrip it as 1912 exceeded the successes of former years.

Misguided Benevolence

The Grain Growers Guide very appropriately remarks that in Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal and other Canadian cities well meaning religious or charitable organizations appealed to the public for money with which to send food, clothing and Christmas cheer into the poverty stricken homes of these cities. In the majority of cases poverty haunts the doors of these humble homes because the bread winners have been forced by economic pressure to accept less than a living wage. Yet most of these poor people need only a square deal and not charity. They are victims of our system of land speculation, protection and special privilege generally. If the misguided philanthropists would devote their money to improving conditions, these unfortunates would have Christmas cheer more than one day in the year and would not be humiliated by accepting as a gift that which the Creator intended to be their right.

That Alberta is becoming more and more the coal field of the prairie provinces is shown by the returns which are being received by the mines branch of the department of public works for the province. John F. Stirling, provincial inspector of mines, stated that he estimated that the increase in the output of Alberta Coal during the year just closed would be quite 4000,000 tons. A large part of this coal is shipped to points in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. During the year 44 mines have been opened up in the province, the majority of these being in the Edmonton district. The older mines of Southern Alberta, around Lethbridge and the Crow's Nest Pass, have largely increased their output. A new and up-to-date rescue station has just been established by the provincial government at Lethbridge. A rescue station is fitted up with appliances for ten men for fire fighting below the surface. The other provincial station, at Blairmore, is fitted up with apparatus for eleven men, and other station will be established this year in the Edmonton district.

The health officer of Calgary has decided that parents in that city need not have their children vaccinated if they have conscientious scruples against it. If more health officers in this province would see that their towns and cities were kept clean and allow people to refuse to have germs squirted into them that too often makes invalids of them for life they would be doing something good for suffering humanity. Too frequently the health officer thinks more of the four-bits he will get for vaccinating than he does of removing the conditions that causes disease.

The letter appearing elsewhere in this issue is not only something that Robert Rowe may feel justly proud of but it is something that every well-thinking Gleichenite can read with pride as it is an indication of the class of citizens in this community. That Mr. Rowe has handled paint from one firm alone that would cover 2,400,000 square feet is positive proof of the thrift and carefulness of our population, as well as the business he is doing, which is compared with the largest accounts of our biggest cities.

With the new year hundreds of subscriptions become due to the CALL and if our friends will accept this gentle intimation they will relieve us of hours of work and many postage stamps.

Just now the CALL is much in need of negotiable collateral and will be most thankful to our many patrons if they will do their best to assist. As most are aware we have been under heavy expense for many months past and will very much appreciate early settlements.

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Good Work Done at Right
Prices

Estimates Given on All Kinds of Buildings

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Pool Room and
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The Alleys are of the famous Brunswick-Balke-Cotender Co. make, and three in number
The TABLES are the Most Modern
A Full Supply of
Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos
Will Always be Kept.

Remember the Manager's name—JACK JAMES

The Firm That Made Gleichen

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High-grade Wall Papers,
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Varnishes

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MAKE OLD THINGS LOOK LIKE NEW

Sole Agents for Russell's Cowboy Pictures

Estimates Furnished On All
Classes of Work

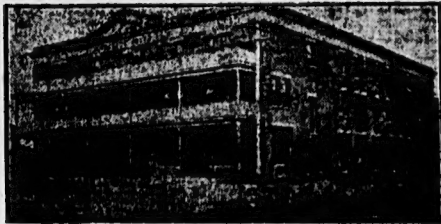
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A Wide Range of Models and Prices

OUR NEW MODEL 33

Four Passenger. Fore Door 100 in. wheel base at \$1800 is the Biggest Automobile Value in Canada

We also carry a Complete Line of
Windmills Pumps and Pump Fitting
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Repair Work a Speciality

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen
One Door West of Call Office

Read the Call.

Gleichen Opera House

THE FOURTH

Annual Seed Grain Fair

—Of The—

Gleichen District Agricultural
Society

Will be held

Wednesday, January 8, 1913

For the Exhibition, Sale and Exchange
of Farm Seed.

Write for Rules and Prize List to Sec'y

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Gleichen, Alta

REVELSTOKE SAWMILL COMPANY, Ltd.

Dealers in

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Shingles Windows Doors
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Yards at Gleichen, Namaka
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COME and SEE US

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Gleichen Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

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Special Attention Given to LAND SEEKERS
Competent Guides Furnished

David C. Wishart,

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LUMBER and COAL

Anything and Everything required in Building
Always in Stock

W. Stuart & Co.

Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.

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McCORMICK

Mowers, Rakes and Binders

Also Wagons, Plows, Harrows,
Discs, Drills, Seed Cleaners, Etc.

Sole Agent in this District for the
Improved Brandon Sub-sur-
face Packer

A. F. LARKIN

Telford Building, - Gleichen

WHY KEEP ON COUGHING?

Here is a Remedy That Will Stop It

Do you realize the danger in a neglected cough? Then why don't you get rid of it? Yes, you can shake it off, even though it has stuck to you for a long time, if you go about it right.

Keep out in the fresh air as much as you can, build up your strength with plenty of wholesome food, and take Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne.

This reliable household remedy has broken up thousands of hacking, persistent coughs, which were just as troublesome as yours, and what it has done for so many others it will do for you.

Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne contains absolutely no harmful drugs, and so can be given safely to children, as well as adults. Your physician or druggist can confirm this statement, for we are ready to send them on request a complete list of all the ingredients.

Put up in 25c. and 50c. bottles by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

A Written Guarantee

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A few doors south of C.P.R. Depot

Rates \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day

Cuisine unexcelled

Hot and cold water in every room

Hotel practically fireproof

All Outside Rooms

Ask your Clothier to show you

SANFORD'S SOVEREIGN BRAND CLOTHES

no others as good

MALE HELP WANTED

WOULD YOU LIKE TO LEARN THE stock broking business? I want a live ambitious representative in every city and town to handle stocks, bonds and mortgages; applicant must furnish references and have from \$100 to \$500 personal capital. Write to Mr. R. Edgar & Co., 34 Victoria Street, Toronto.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down"—"got the blues"—suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weakness, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, etc., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the new French Remedy "THERAPION". No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Havrestock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

BEST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Under the Table

Let us celebrate Thanksgiving gaily but temperately, said Simeon Ford, the humorous hotel man of New York. Let us emulate the colonel.

The colonel came down to breakfast, the morning after Thanksgiving, with a bandaged hand.

Why, colonel, what's the matter with your hand? they asked him.

Confound it all, the colonel answered, we had a little Thanksgiving party last night, and one of the younger men got intoxicated and trod on my hand as he was walking across the room.

Women, remarked the grocer, are not hard to please.

So? interrogated the bachelor.

Yes, continued the grocer. All you have to do is to let them have their own way.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
URIC ACID
GRAVEL
RHEUMATISM
BRISTOL'S DISEASE
DIABETES

23 THE PR
\$2.50 a box or six boxes for \$25.00
at all dealers, or The Dodds Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

W. N. U. 931

ODORS AND MOISTURE

A Scheme That is said to Improve the Sense of Smell

The most striking fact connected with my school career, said the pre-school graduate was a peculiar ability on the part of our commandant to detect the faintest odor of smoke in a room on his daily inspection. The school I attended was of the military variety, and smoking was a rather serious offense. No matter how much a room had been aired or fanned with wet towels previous to the inspection, the offender was always caught.

After I had received my finishing touches and become a citizen I made so bold as to inquire from what peculiar dispensation of providence the ability was given to detect one molecule of smoke in a hundred cubic feet of pure air. The old boy smiled and binding me to secrecy, imparted the reason of his wonderful ability.

Then he took me to a boy's vacated room and told me to wet my finger and rub my nostrils with it and sniff. Lo and behold, where before there seemed no taint in the atmosphere was now detected that smell of old tobacco smoke! Since then I have taught school myself and have used the trick occasionally, entirely for experimental purposes, however.

I have also thought the scientific explanation, but with little success. It may, however, be somewhat analogous to the process of tasting. You know it is impossible to taste anything that is not dissolved in water or is not a liquid itself. So the moisture on the nostrils must carry the smaller particles of smoke in a more or less damp state to the olfactory nerve ends and thus make the smell more apparent. At least this is the only explanation I have ever found for the phenomenon.

The same thing can also be used for detecting other odors and I have found it useful on a number of occasions for this purpose, both in analytical chemistry, when only a small particle of a certain material is available for analysis and in detecting faint perfume from flowers that are ordinarily quite odorless.

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is compounded specially to combat dysentery, cholera morbus and all inflammatory disorders that change of food or water may set up in the stomach and intestines. The complaint is more common in summer than in winter, but they are not confined to the warm months, as undue laxness of the bowels may seize a man at any time. Such a sufferer will find speedy relief in this Cordial.

Every day brings us nearer to the completion of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway. This is emphasized by the fact that passengers can now leave Edmonton at 10.00 p.m. in Pullman Sleeping Car arriving at Pittsburgh in the heart of the Canadian Rockies, Alberta, at 9.20 the next morning and Tete Jaune Cache on the Fraser River in British Columbia, at 2 o'clock the next afternoon, 16 hours to do the journey. This is remarkable when it is considered that two years ago last summer, an exploration party in charge of Mr. H. R. Charlton, General Advertising Agent of the Company, penetrated the forests and followed the trails through the Yellowhead Pass, which trip occupied 37 days of continuous travel by pack train between Edson and Tete Jaune Cache. This same distance is now covered by the iron steed with a comfortable train in 16 hours.

TAKE NOTICE

We publish simple, straight testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well-known people.

From all over America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Remedies.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED

Family Records in the Peerage

The fact that the Marquess of Donagall has lately made his first public appearance at the mature age of seven reminds one that he has been fatherless since birth, yet were his father, the fifth Marquess, alive to day he would be within a few weeks of entering his nineteenth year. The Duke of Norfolk will be well over eighty when his son and heir attains his majority while between the eldest daughter of the Earl of Abingdon—Lady Edmund Talbot—and his youngest—Lady Betty Bertie—there is an interval of nearly forty years.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wheat may be, it must yield to Holway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

His Bad Break

Why on earth do you come to me to borrow money, Billups? said Harkaway peevishly. Why don't you go to Jorrocks? He's the prosperous looking member of our set.

That's just it, Harkaway, said Billups. Jorrocks looks so very prosperous that I am quite sure he spends every penny he makes, but you, old man—why, you dress like a man who saves his money.

P.S.—He didn't get it.

Pharaohs Had the Hookworm

The hookworm has been preying on man perhaps for thousands of years. A papyrus written 3,400 years ago contains a description of a disease in Egypt which many physicians declare was the hookworm disease. It describes it too accurately to be anything else. In recent times it was observed in Egypt first in 1833, but the first record of treatment was made in 1887. Whether or not malaria was one of the chief causes of the down fall of Greece and Rome, it is very certain that hookworm disease has played a part in Asiatic history. The anemic condition of millions of people century after century has profoundly affected their economic life, their intellectual qualities, their social habits and ideals and their religion. Of that there can be no doubt.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act gently and gently on the liver. Cures Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

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An aggressive, reliable and experienced representative in every town and city in Canada to take orders from our complete range of samples for our (Unexcelled) "Custom Made Gowning".

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KIDNEY TROUBLE

all Uric Acid Diseases, including Kidney Trouble, Bladder Stones, Gall Stones, Gravel and Lumbago are rapidly relieved and permanently cured by SANOL. A remedy that has an enviable reputation throughout Canada. We will send letters from scores of people, who have been cured of one or more of these complaints.

Write for full information. Price \$1.50 Per Bottle at all Leading Druggists.

THE SANOL MFG. CO., LTD.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

DEHORN YOUR CATTLE

Wonderful how it improves them. Helps develop into better milkers. Steers fatten quicker. KEYSTONE DEHORNER does it. Cuts clean—hurts little—does not bruise flesh or crush bone. Write for free booklet.

R. H. McKENNA.

219 Robert St. Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

THE JOHN INGLIS CO., Limited

Engineers and Boiler-makers
Boilers of all kinds—Engines, Pumps, and Heavy Plate Work
Write us for Prices
14 Strachan Ave., Toronto, Canada

The Ready Explainer

This doesn't taste like genuine maple sirup to me, said the suspicious purchaser. Probably not, replied the genial grocer. After what you have been accustomed to the real article would naturally seem strange.

Faith Destroyed

I'll never believe in phrenology again. Why?

We had a phrenologist in our house the other night and got him to feel the cook's head. He said her bump of destruction was small.

It is not often that a freight train is able to better the time of a regular passenger service so that such an achievement may be justly regarded as something of a feat. This is the record of a freight train on the Grand Trunk Pacific the other day which shipped a load of cattle from Wainwright to the Swift Canadian Co's warehouse in Edmonton, a distance of 123 miles, in 3 hours and 40 minutes, the scheduled passenger time for the same run being 5 hours and 20 minutes. The feat also shows a remarkable development in road-bed and equipment since a similar shipment of 10 cars last year took 15 hours en route while this year the train was made up of 16 cars and clipped off 11 hours and 20 minutes.

An Edmonton despatch states that contractors on the Grand Trunk Pacific contemplate the completion within the next 3 months of 90 miles of track on the main line in British Columbia, west of Mile 53 as well as the construction of a big steel bridge over the Rye Shuap River. The report goes on to say that commencing at the present head of steel on the Fraser River with the first of the year the steel gangs will work at full pressure throughout the winter months and by the middle of February 40 miles will have been completed. Bridge construction will then be commenced before the end of March. According to the program steel must be laid to a point 30 miles beyond the Rye Shuap.

Large extensions are to be made by the Grand Trunk Pacific to the Company's shops at Rivers, Man., which is the first divisional point on the main line west of Winnipeg and is the headquarters for repair work on both the eastern and western divisions of the railroad at the present time. These extensions will involve the expenditure of thousands of dollars and will include the erection of house for the company's employees.

Forecasts of development in 1913 are already being made in the west and great hopes are being built up by the city of Lethbridge of the expected construction of the air line to Regina by the Grand Trunk Pacific which is to tap some of the richest wheat-raising areas of Saskatchewan and Alberta and will give Lethbridge an outlet on Hudson's Bay.

A Hit at Last

And so this is the end, said the hero, as he bent over the form of the dying heroine, while the orchestra played soft, sad music.

Thank heaven for that! exclaimed a pathetic voice from the gallery.

Programme all Laid Out

We women are working for the right to propose.

And when you get it, what then? Then we'll work to take away man's right to refuse.

MURDER AND SUICIDE PROMPTED BY POVERTY

Old Man Cuts Wife's Throat at Her Request. Then Hangs Himself

A few days ago when a police magistrate who had been summoned by the concierge entered the room occupied by M. and Mme. Jan Van den Bosch in the Rue de Transvaal, he found the woman, who was 73 years old, dying on the floor with her throat cut, while her husband's body was suspended from a hook in the ceiling.

The man had killed his wife with her permission, and then committed suicide in order to end a life of poverty.

The couple lived in Belleville, which is one of the slum quarters of Paris, for six years, and made a precarious living by selling odds and ends of every kind, from old bicycle tires and rusty tools to imitation jewelry, at the weekly market which is held at the La Villette gate of Paris.

M. Van den Bosch was formerly a very rich man. His wife's father had been official painter to the court of the Netherlands, and his pictures and miniatures sold for high prices. He had villas at Nice and Ostend, and his daughter was brought up in luxury.

When she married M. Van den Bosch, however, her father had lost his fortune and she was penniless.

Both M. Van den Bosch and his wife were regarded by their neighbors in Belleville as aristocrats. Despite their poverty they had no friends and they were always very reserved.

Their one amusement was to walk to St. Mandé, where there was a bowling club, of which M. Van den Bosch was a member. The old man played bowls while his wife looked on.

Two days ago one member of the bowling club heard Van den Bosch say to his wife: When there is nothing left we shall kill ourselves.

Of late they sold practically nothing at the weekly market; they owed two months' rents and some tradesmen's bills, and on Wednesday they were unable to buy food.

When the concierge could not gain admittance to their room she summoned a magistrate and two gendarmes. A locksmith tried unsuccessfully to force the door, whereupon a policeman climbed through a window.

M. Van den Bosch's body was still warm. Beside his wife lay a blood-stained razor. Mme. Van den Bosch was able to whisper a brief account of the tragedy before she died.

AIRMAN WRECKED ON LAKE

Has Narrow Escape From Being Frozen to Death

Recently in Geneva, a Swiss airman named Gysell had a narrow escape from being frozen to death while flying in a hydroplane over Lake Constant.

He was caught in a violent snowstorm above Merseburg, and his motor stopped. Gysell was obliged to descend on the rough surface of the lake, where he remained clinging to his wrecked hydroplane for two hours.

Owing to the blinding snow he could not be seen nor were his cries heard on shore. When the snowfall ceased he was rescued by boatmen.

Happy Family Dissolved

After having lived in London happily together for over twelve months in one kennel at a Belvedere (Ken) hotel, a family consisting of a spaniel, a wire-haired terrier, a black cat, four pigeons, a bantam cock and a tortoise, has been broken up by the spaniel killing the birds.

Saucy Milton

James the Second, when Duke of York, made a visit to Milton, the poet, and asked him, among other things, if he did not think the loss of his sight a judgment upon him for what he had written against his father, Charles the First. Milton answered: If your highness thinks my loss of sight a judgment upon me, what do you think of your father losing his head?

Use Your Influence for Concrete Roads

There's no need to point out the advantages of good roads.

The kind of good road, however, is another matter.

It used to be that there was little choice. Macadam for the country and smaller cities was the only material used. Then, twenty years ago concrete was introduced. And for these twenty years concrete has been proving itself.

It is now acknowledged to be one of the best known materials for roads or for street pavements—to be as far superior to ordinary macadam as macadam is superior to sand.

Estimating the Cost.

It is not the first cost of a road that determines its real cost; nor is it the first six months of service that determines whether it's a good road or a poor one.

The only sure way to find out what a road has cost, is to add to the first cost all that is spent for repairs in fifteen or twenty years.

Now, that's where concrete roads win every argument—their first cost is practically their only cost; they require little or no upkeep.

Address—Good Roads Department,

Canada Cement Company, Ltd., Montreal

WINCHESTER



"Nublack" and "New Rival" Loaded Shotshells

Good shooters and sure shooters are Winchester "Nublack" and "New Rival" black powder loaded shells. They are strongly made and loaded with only standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Their even pattern and deep penetration make them sure game getters. You will find nothing better. Sold everywhere. Look for the Red W on the box. They Are Uniform, Highly Satisfactory Loads.

Never to be Supplanted

Thomas A. Edison's abhorrence of stock speculation and market-rigging is well known. Mr. Edison voiced this abhorrence in a recent interview on electricity.

Yes, he said, it is true that an electrical machine has been invented that will rid cheese of its mites. I doubt though if any mechanism as efficacious as the promoter will ever be invented for ridding widows of theirs.

Well—Don't you think Miss Antique keeps her age remarkably well? Belle—Sure. She never gives it away.

Said to be the largest tree trunk in the world is that of a tule tree at Hittia, Mexico, which measures 115 feet in girth.

Bluejacket's Neckkerchief

It is not known generally that the bluejacket's black neckerchief, a survival of the service mourning for Nelson, is the best British silk obtainable and that the admiralty is a very fastidious customer. Two to each man are issued annually and many thousands of these discarded scarfs have been subsequently worn by Jack's femininity. A pair of them make an excellent blouse.

Don't you think woman's education should be equal to man's asked the suffragette.

A woman naturally knows more than a man does, replied Mr. Growcher. If she goes on studying public questions, she'll know only as much.

THE FARMER AND HIS GRAIN

The only sure and satisfactory way in which the Western Farmer can secure the highest possible market value for his wheat, oats, barley and flax is by shipping it by the carload to Fort William or Port Arthur, or to Duluth if cars cannot be got for the other terminals (loading it if possible direct into the car over the loading platform so as to save elevator charges and dockage) and employing a strictly commission firm to handle and dispose of it.

We continue to act as the Farmers' Agents solely on a commission basis. We are not truckbuyers and we never buy the Farmers' grain on our own account, but look after and dispose of the grain entrusted to us, as the agents of those who employ us, and it is our desire and endeavor to give everyone the very best service possible. We make liberal advances against car shipping bills, and will also carry the grain for a time under advances at a moderate commercial rate of interest. We consider it our duty to invite all Farmers to write to us for shipping instructions and market information.

Thompson Sons & Company

700-703 Y. GRAIN EXCHANGE WINNIPEG, CANADA GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS

When You Buy Matches, Ask for



EDDY'S Red Bird

They have a true safety base

head, with silent tip. Will never explode if Stepped on.

Eddy's Matches have satisfied Canadians since 1851—accept no others.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Hull, Canada

INSIST ON GETTING "EDDY'S"

Washboards, Wood Pails and Tubs, Fibre Pails and Tubs.

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Address—Good Roads Department,

Canada Cement Company, Ltd., Montreal

cost. Concrete, instead of needing repair, actually becomes stronger with age.

How You Can Help.

You can help your community to come to a wise decision the next time the question of roads comes up. Your influence will be a factor in providing yourself and your neighbors with thoroughly satisfactory highways.

We wish to convince you first—we know that when you are "backed up" with facts which we will gladly furnish you, you will be able to convince your neighbors.

Make it your business to get these facts. We have a special department which will not only give you the facts, but will also supply valuable assistance to any community desiring to build concrete roads.

Ask for "Good Roads Literature" or use the coupon.

Please send me the facts about concrete highways.

Address—Good Roads Department,

Canada Cement Company, Ltd., Montreal

A CENTURY OF PEACE

BELFAST IS THE SCENE OF A BIG CELEBRATION

Many Leading Men of the United States and Great Britain Give Expressions of Appreciation of the Peace Between the English Speaking Nations Which has Obtained for Ninety-eight Years.

Belfast.—The celebration of the ninety-eighth anniversary of peace between the United States and the British Empire was made the occasion of expressions of appreciation by many of the leading public men in Great Britain, the United States and Canada through the medium of the Belfast Telegraph.

Earl Grey, former governor-general of Canada, wrote:

The hundred years peace has been of untold value to the political and social development alike of Great Britain, the United States and the Canadian Dominion. We hope to have a worthy celebration of the event two years hence.

The Earl of Meath wrote: War between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race let us firmly believe to be an impossibility in the future. Such a belief will go far to make it an impossibility.

Secretary of State, Philander C. Knox, of the United States, wrote:

This anniversary serves to remind us not of the termination of a great struggle, but of the subsequent passing of almost a century of peace and goodwill. In this long era of unbroken friendship, we English speaking cousins have realized and benefited from our kinship. Neighborly intercourse and trade have developed and grown to colossal proportions.

G. W. Wickersham, the United States attorney-general, wrote:

The peace established between us nearly a century ago has now become not only a habit, but a condition, one which it is unthinkable should ever be altered.

Martin H. Burrell, Canadian minister for agriculture, wrote:

If to commemorate special days is a good thing in general, it is especially pleasant to think of the commemoration of a day which has lent a century of peace between countries so intimately connected by ties of blood, race and language.

Judge Harmon, governor of Ohio, wrote:

Yours is a happy thought to celebrate the anniversary of the treaty of Ghent. It is well to remind the people of the United States, Great Britain and Canada that a century, lacking only two years, has gone by since that treaty established between them a peace which has prevailed ever since.

Charles W. Fairbanks, former vice-president of the United States, wrote:

We rejoice in the assurance of the past and the present that the long era of tranquility which we have enjoyed will continue unbroken for ever.

Rev. W. H. Roberts, D.D., chairman of the executive committee of the federal council of the churches of Christian America, wrote:

The treaty of Ghent put an end to a strife between brethren and ushered in an era of unbroken peace and increasing goodwill between the two great English speaking nations.

Right Rev. C. B. Brewster, bishop of Connecticut, wrote:

Whatever wars and rumors of wars there may be, we know that there can never be war again between this republic and the United Kingdom.

President Mackenzie of Dalhousie university, Halifax, N.S., wrote:

Canada may well rejoice that she has been fortunate enough to spend a period of national youth free from the strife and influence of war. She joins the United States and the Motherland in celebrating the ninety-eighth anniversary of the signing of the Ghent treaty, which has meant so much not only for Canada, the Empire and the United States, but also for the progress of civilization.

Chancellor McMillan, of McMaster university, Toronto, wrote:

Ninety-eight years of peace and goodwill throughout the Anglo-Saxon world. May the angel of peace continue to be the statesman of the British Empire and of the United States.

ALBERTA LIVE STOCK

Hundred Thousand Head of Cattle Imported from Montana

Edmonton.—Estimates made by W. F. Stevens, live stock commissioner for Alberta, with regard to the progress of the live stock industry in the province of Alberta during the year just closing, show a very large increase in the number of cattle brought into the province. At least 100,000 head of cattle have been imported into Alberta from Montana by Alberta ranchers, to be used for breeding purposes. While the beef cattle industry is growing rapidly, the most notable feature is the interest the farmers are showing in dairying.

Aided by the efforts of the provincial government, which has imported a large number of pure bred stock, the farmers are acquiring herds of dairy Shorthorns, this breed being said to be the most suitable for this province. The raising of hogs and sheep on the big grain farms in southern Alberta is becoming an important adjunct to the farming business; while the ranchers are paying more attention to the raising of ewes for breeding purposes than formerly. Marked improvement in the conditions of hogs and sheep placed on the market is noted.

Settlers Cannot Get Supplies

Edmonton.—More than one hundred team outfits belonging to settlers from the Peace River country who want to get out to Edson to get their winter supplies are held up north of Athabasca River waiting for sleighing over the last stretch of the road.

Eastern Wheat Country Found

Quebec.—A French syndicate has been formed to develop a large tract of land in Levis and Belchasse counties, which has hitherto been believed to be swampy and valueless, but which it has been found, will grow wheat as fast and as well as the Saskatchewan and Alberta prairies.

A ROMANCE OF THE ORIENT

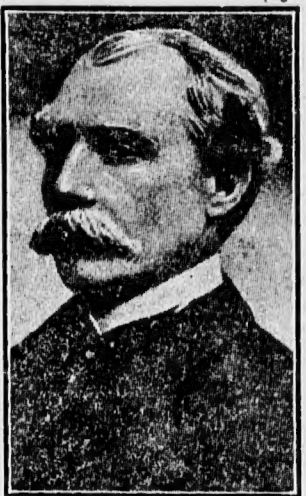
Rajah Brooke, a White Man, is King in Borneo

Singapore.—The recent warning of Sarawak, on the island of Borneo, to his native subjects to beware of the wiles of financial exploiters and concessionaires has once more drawn attention to one of the most remarkable territories in the world.

There is no greater romance in the annals of sovereignty than the story of how an Anglo-Saxon became the crowned dictator of the destinies of an oriental people. The story concerns the dynasty of Sarawak, founded by Sir James Brooke, the uncle of the present rajah, who first saw the light in England in the year 1803. He became a distinguished soldier, served in the Burmese war and went home severely wounded.

On a later trip to India the islands of Malaysia so charmed him that he determined to investigate them and fitting out the Royalist, a small schooner, and selecting a picked crew he visited the Rajah of Sarawak, in the northeast corner of Borneo, dropping anchor off Kuching. Muda Hassam, the rajah, welcomed him warmly and besought his services in crushing a rebellion. After Brooke put an end to the uprising the rajah offered him his crown, with all the kingly rights attaching to it, and he was duly crowned Rajah of Sarawak by Omar Ali the Sultan of Brunei.

Brooke's first serious work was to make war upon the pirates of Malaysia, who spread terror among the shipping on the coast of Asia and the Philippines, and with the aid of the British Asiatic fleet the pirate vessels were destroyed and their strongholds taken. While the new rajah was bringing the pirates to book, the Sultan Omar Ali regretted his part in



Rajah Brooke

placing a white man on the throne and attacked Kuching. With the aid of Sir Thomas Cochrane, admiral of the British Asiatic fleet, the Sultan of Brunei was defeated and a good slice of his territory taken. Later Rajah Brooke appropriated more territory until now all that remains of Brunei is a small strip of land between Sarawak and British North Borneo.

Now firmly seated on his throne he turned his attention toward pacifying the warring tribes of the interior and in this work was assisted by his nephew, Charles Brooke, the present rajah. By the persuasive power of the bayonet and sword the land Dyaks and other head-hunting tribes were reduced to submission and even to loyalty until now one is as safe in the jungle districts of Sarawak as in London or New York. Wise regulations for the well being of the people were made and every encouragement was held out to the natives for the improvement of their plantations. A golden age seemed to be dawning in Sarawak, when suddenly the Chinese employed in the gold-mines revolted, burned the palace over the rajah's head and sent him a fugitive from the capital. But he returned, and with the aid of forces collected by his nephew he wreaked a terrible revenge on the Chinese. The terrible Dyaks, fierce as bloodhounds, were allowed to work their will when grape and canister had swept over the town and not a Chinese lived to tell the tale of bitter punishment. Some battered, smoke-begrimed skulls are still shown or a spot near the upper waters of the Itejang, grisly mementoes of men who were once rebels in this Sarawak uprising.

The next six years were spent by the aging ruler in the work of civilization and guiding his people's energies into peaceful pursuits, not to speak of making good the majesty of law and order in the furthest reaches of his possessions. He afterwards returned to England broken in health, leaving his nephew in charge of the realm.

Sir Charles Brooke now sits on the throne of Sarawak, virile and capable still, although he will be 81 next birthday. Having lived a life only comparable in hardness and daring to the western pioneers in Canada years ago, he has no use for the comforts and luxuries of civilization. He rises with the sun and puts in a hard day's work before most men have eaten their breakfast. Except when he gives a formal dinner, he goes to bed at 10 o'clock. He is a kindly despot, who has no use for representative government, and some of his decrees are most drastic.

Both Sir James Brooke and the present rajah married native women. The latter also took a European wife, who lived in Sarawak for many years and took an active and helpful part in the management of the kingdom. Several children were born to them, including a son, who was named Rajah Muda, which means heir apparent to the throne.

Men on Ry. Construction

Vancouver.—Six hundred men are now employed on construction of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway between Vancouver and Port George. This number will soon be increased to 1,500.

WARNS THE VATICAN

Germany Will Not Tolerate Interference of the Pope

Berlin.—Nearly 24,000,000 Roman Catholics in Germany are on the threshold of a grave dispute with the German government. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, depends for his majority in the reichstag (imperial parliament) on the votes of the Roman Catholic Center party. The Center, together with the Conservatives, constitute the only reliable parliamentary majority at the chancellor's disposal.

As yet, as they now openly threaten, declare against the chancellor, his position will be perilous in the extreme. He has promptly taken up the Catholic challenge. Matters have been brought to a climax by the action of the federal council, under the leadership of Prussia, rejecting the application of Bavaria for a more liberal interpretation of the anti-Jesuit laws. The council not only frowned upon the Bavarian government's independent construction of the laws, but also accepted a resolution which amounts to a straitjacketing them.

The Cologne Volkszeitung, the official Catholic organ, and the Germania, the Berlin Catholic newspaper, declare that "the Pope's subjects" in Germany will never tolerate the police regime which Prussianized Germany has imposed upon the Jesuit propaganda. They add that the Catholics are prepared to resort to extreme measures.

The chancellor is quoted by the well-informed Frankfurter Zeitung as having notified a prominent Catholic parliamentarian that German patience with the dictatorial practices of the Vatican is approaching the point of exhaustion. Prussian diplomatic relations with the Holy See, he is said to have affirmed, will be absolutely broken off the next time the Pope attempts to interfere with the sovereign rights of the state, as recently in the case of the papal encyclical relating to trade unions. The chancellor warned the Catholic deputy that that was the last papal intervention in the independence of interdenominational organizations which Prussia will tolerate.

DEFENDS CANADA'S CREDIT

London Financial Paper Repudiates Recent Aspersions on Dominion

London.—In the preface to the annual report of Canadian companies in which it is interested, the British Empire seeks to defend Canada's good name. Alluding to the alleged over-borrowing, the report says the truth must be admitted that Canadian cities have been a low in the past to borrow too freely, and at too low a rate of interest, thus encouraging extravagance. It warns the British investor to beware of the promises of huge profits from real estate, and says that promoters in the past have taken advantage of Canada's great prosperity and great future to line their pockets at the expense of the British public. The statement that Canada herself has over-borrowed is too foolish to merit serious discussion, says the preface. The young country is still in the early stages of development, full of energy and prosperity, and its total debt has only increased from \$180,000,000 to \$250,000,000 during the ten years of the greatest development. She can point to large increases and surpluses of revenue and can certainly not be accused of straitening her credit. What is more probable is that an excessive amount of capital has been raised for her development.

On learning that three cousins would divide the property, the tylist got into communication with the ex-convict, who proposed to remove them. Instead, he took his story and the money to the police.

The tylist was brought before M. Guichard, the head of the detective bureau, the girl expected to inherit the property of a relative, who however, left a will stating that the prospective heiress had displeased her.

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KING PARTICULAR ABOUT SIGNING HIS NAME

London.—King George has been showing his encouragement and more of his determination to keep a firm grip upon his own affairs. One hears in the privacy of the court of attempts made by cabinet ministers and other public personages to treat the King as a figurehead, and to expect him to sign documents without having any idea of their purport. His Majesty's practice in those matters is as firm as that of the late Queen Victoria, who caused much surprise and no little chagrin in the early days when she refused to append her name to a document, the meaning of which had not been fully explained. It is said that on a recent date, the King showed his sense of the affairs of things by withholding his sanction to a paper for which a statesman in a hurry sought his signature at a moment's notice. The throne is a very real power nowadays, and its influence tends to increase rather than diminish.

Ottawa.—Hon. G. E. Boscowen, of the Royal Field Artillery has been appointed Aide de Camp to His Royal Highness, the Governor General.

WILL NOT SIGN TREATY

CHINA DECLINES TO NEGOTIATE WITH GREAT BRITAIN

Replying to Britain's recent Note Regarding Tibet, China Refuses to Negotiate a New Treaty and Regrets the Threat of Great Britain not to Recognize the new Republic.

Peking.—China's reply to the recent note of Great Britain calling upon China to come to an agreement with her regarding Tibet, was delivered to the British ambassador here. It is courteous in tone, but firmly declines to negotiate a new treaty. It cites the Anglo-Tibetan agreement of 1908, under which Great Britain agreed not to interfere in the administration of Tibet or annex her territory. China undertakes to prevent other nations from doing the same. It points out that the agreement also provides that China must police the trade routes in Tibet and protect communications.

The note insists that China has properly regarded all her obligations. China has found it necessary, it says, to send large numbers of troops into Tibet to do police duty, but the Chinese government sees no necessity for Great Britain to send troops there from India. It explains that it is as much in the interest of China as of England to maintain the present status in Tibet.

Regret is expressed in the note that the Indian government should close all the roads between China and Tibet by way of India declaring that such an act is rarely resorted to except between nations at war. It regrets Great Britain's threat not to recognize the new Chinese republic, saying that recognition would be mutually advantageous.

GIRL HIRES ASSASSIN

Wants Her Cousins Removed in Order That she May Inherit Property

Paris.—An old ex-convict called at the prefecture of police and confessed that a young girl who is employed as a typist in Paris had commissioned him to murder her three cousins, and paid him \$36 on account.

According to the story he told M. Guichard, the head of the detective bureau, the girl expected to inherit the property of a relative, who however, left a will stating that the prospective heiress had displeased her.

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TO NAME BOARD ON B.C. CLAIMS

Commission Will Consider Plea of Coast Province for Preferential Subsidy

Ottawa.—The appointment of the commission which is to consider the question of better terms of the province of British Columbia, will be dealt with by the government shortly after the return of Premier Borden. There is to be, according to the arrangement agreed upon, three commissioners to be elected by the province, the Dominion and the Colonial office.

The question to be determined is as to whether or not the province of British Columbia, for physical reasons is entitled to preferential subsidy from the Dominion. The question has been at issue between the province and the Dominion for many years, but is now in a fair way of settlement.

TROUBLE WITH DOUKHOBORS

British Columbia Having Her Hands Full at Present

Vancouver.—William Blackmore has made a special report to the provincial government regarding trouble in dealing with the Doukhobors in British Columbia. He recommends that the officials of the administration deal firmly, but gently with them showing them much patience and put the pressure where it belongs—on the leaders. He recommends that Russian teachers be appointed in the Doukhobor sections. He suggests that no more of these be admitted as immigrants, except with the understanding that no exceptions of any kind should be made in the matter of observance of the law. He thinks that a Doukhobor agent should be appointed with authority similar to that of the other agents.

Ottawa.—Laurence Fortescue who takes office as comptroller of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police at the first of the year, on the retirement of Col. Fred White, will probably make an extended tour of the west during the coming year. He will visit the principal posts and stations of the mounted police and will satisfy himself at first hand as to the present state of the force. The new comptroller was attached to the mounted police in the west during the early years of the force.

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HORRORS OF THE BALKAN WAR



CHOLERA VICTIMS BEING CARTED TO IMPROVED HOSPITALS

MAY IMITATE GUY FAWKES

News Agency Learns They Will Use Explosives in House of Commons

London.—The very insane desire for notoriety which has led the militant suffragists into their present outrageous pillar box campaign is apparently about to carry them still further.

The Central News learns on good authority that at a recent meeting of various sections of the militant organizations connected with the woman suffrage movement it was determined that drastic measures should be resorted to in the event of the government refusing to incorporate an amendment embodying woman suffrage in their forthcoming franchise bill.

Among the expedients to which it was decided resort should be had was that of calling for volunteers to make use of explosives both inside and outside the house of commons.

The pillar-box campaign of the militant suffragists was continued yesterday; two further outrages were reported.

One occurred in King's Bench-walk, Temple, where the postman, on emptying the box at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon discovered that a quantity of dark liquid had been poured into the letterbox.

Many letters were damaged, but in no case was an address entirely obliterated.

The organizers of this insane campaign were more successful at the pillar-box in Brandon road, Lee, where a bottle of dark liquid was put into the box enclosed in an envelope, which bore the inscription: Votes for women; blame the government.

In this case the addresses on six of the letters were entirely obliterated.

CONGRESS MAY OPEN MARCH 15

President-Elect Wilson Anxious to Meet Wishes of Democratic Leaders

Trenton, N.J.—Congress probably will be called into extraordinary session by President-Elect Woodrow Wilson shortly after his inauguration, perhaps by March 15, and the principal legislation that will come before it will be the tariff revision.

After a two hours' conference with Speaker Champ Clark, the president-elect declared that he would endeavor to meet the wishes of the Democratic leaders in Congress, who he was informed, were anxious that the interval between the two sessions of Congress be as brief as possible.

Mr. Wilson announced before he left for Bermuda that he would call the extra session to convene not later than April 15. As to the exact date he said, he would consult the wishes of the Democratic leaders in Congress.

Mr. Clark is understood to favor March 15 as the day to begin work. The sooner we get started the better, he told the president-elect.

Both the speaker and Governor Wilson said Mr. Bryan's name had not been mentioned in the conference.

When interrogated later about Mr. Bryan, the speaker said plainly that he did not like to be interviewed about the Nebraskan.

FATTENED BY CANNIBALS

Traveller tells Smooth Tale of Adventure in South America

San Francisco.—Guy Villipone, a former teacher who arrived here recently from the West Coast of South America told a tale of cannibals while attempting to cross from Ciudad to Buenos Ayres. He escaped after many adventures and found his way to Callao.

They were a strange people, he said, and appeared to be half man and half ape. I have no doubt that they meant to eat me. I was mistified by all their kindnesses until I saw that it was all directed to get me fat, and then I thought I had better leave, and I did.

NEW COMPTROLLER TO TOUR THE WEST

L. Fortescue Who Succeeds Col. Fred White Will Visit R.N.W.M.P. Posts

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THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON I.—FIRST QUARTER, FOR JAN. 5, 1913

Text of the Lesson, Gen. 1, 1 to 11, 3. Memory Verses 27, 28.—Golden Text, Gen. 1, 1.—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

In our meditation upon this most wonderful portion of the most wonderful book ever written we will probably repeat many things, hoping that thus the precious truths may enter many hearts. More than ever we do desire to be fully under the control of Him who wrote it that He may say through us only that which is truly His own. The opening section assigned to us for today's lesson contains in the first verse the record of creation; in the second the result of a great catastrophe and in all the rest an account of a great six day's restoration or fashioning anew of the work which had by a judgment been brought into chaos.

It is not written that in six days God created, but in six days the Lord made (or fashioned) heaven and earth, the sea and all that in them is (Ex. xx, 11), or as it is in Gen. 1, 3, "All His work, which God created and made (margin created to make). The first verse of just seven Hebrew words and twenty eight letters, tells all we know of creation and does not tell us anything as to when it was.

It is a dateless statement and, for aught we know, may refer to what took place millions of years in the past. Other verses bearing upon this which should be most prayerfully considered are Ps. xxxiii, 6, 9, and Heb. xi, 3, which affirm the continuing word brought into existence that which God did not exist before.

That the creation was by Him whom we know as the Son of God is most plainly stated in John 1, 1-3; Col. 1, 12-17. Thus believing the first verse in the bible, one can readily believe every miracle and wonderful record in the whole book, according to Jer. xxxii, 17, and find comfort in it as the prophets and apostles did (Isa. xl, 28-31; Acts iv, 24-31). The words "In the beginning God" have helped some whom I know, for they have said, I will not begin that which I cannot begin with God. We do well to pray that all our works may be begun, continued and ended in Him.

In the second verse the R. V. reads: And the earth was (or became) waste and void. In Isa. xl, 18, we read: He created it not a waste. We know therefore, that the second verse does not describe it as He created it.

There are only two other places where the words translated: without form and void, are used together (Isa. xxxiv, 11, Jer. iv, 23) and in each there is a suggestion because of a judgment caused by a judgment because of a great rebellion. The suggestion by Pemble in "Earth's Earliest Ages" that possibly the devil before he fell was in control of this earth may be well worth considering, but we must wait.

Over this waste and void condition the spirit of God moved, and God said: "Let there be light, and there was light"—more literally: Light be, and light was. Thus early in the book we are made acquainted with God as Father, Son, and Holy Spirit and are shown that all things are accomplished by the Spirit through the word. In the first verse we have already noticed a four times seven of letters, and if we count we shall find in our lesson today the name of God just five times seven, suggesting an abundant completeness (1, 20-23; 11, 1-3).

In this section God is seen working unhindered by His Spirit and His word, and when He is allowed to work as unhindered in us we shall be perfectly new creatures to His glory. Let those who desire to know God count the number of times that the different verbs are associated with His name and do not accept my figures unless you prove them correct: Said (10), saw (7), divided, 5; called, 5; created, 5; blessed, 3; made, 6; rested, 2; set, ended, perished, sanctified, given, 1; it was so, 6; let, 14. More important, however, is it to notice that God alone is seen working, so it was in Christ when He was here as man and so it should be in us (Phil. 11, 13).

Inasmuch as there are ages enough for all the geological periods between the first two verses, I am willing to accept the days as ordinary days, but let each one be fully persuaded for himself.

Not only have we here the record of God making by His Spirit and His word in earth, air and sea, but we are taught by II Cor., iv, 6, to find an analogy in the work of God in man, whose life because of sin is all waste and void and dark.

By the spirit and the word, light enters the dark soul. Christ is received and there is a new birth. Thus becoming a child of light, there is a division between light and darkness, and waters from below do not saturate so the water that He gives is desired and enjoyed. There is the power of resurrection as on the third day the reflection of the light of the sun in our lives as on the fourth day, then the abundance and fruitfulness of the fifth day, while the sixth day sees man, male and female, in the image of God with dominion over all things. If we would enjoy the rest of the seventh day, while we wait for its full coming, we must wholly cease from ourselves and all our works.

Use Wireless on Railway System if Successful

Washington.—The Union Pacific Railway has made application to the Department of Commerce and Labor for license to operate a wireless system along its system. The company wishes to install a technical experiment station, and the government is requested to give permission for such a station which, it is said, will be the second of the kind in the country.

Several wireless stations, it is announced, will be constructed when the license is issued.

London.—A recent return issued by the London county council shows that 669,810 persons could have gone to the polls at the borough council elections on November 1, but only 314,995—47 per cent.—did so.

Wedding Bells.

A very pretty home wedding took place Christmas afternoon at the residence of W. R. MacKie, 825 Fifth Avenue, Sunnyside, Calgary, brother-in-law of the bride, when Miss Maysie C. Larkin, daughter of A. F. Larkin, Esq., of Gleichen was united in marriage to Mr. John C. Savage of the firm of Plunkett & Savage, Calgary. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. D. McDonald, B.L., a former pastor of the family. The bride, who was most becomingly attired in a rich dress of ivory satin with pearl and lace trimmings, and wearing the traditional bridal veil, was attended by her sister Miss Belle Larkin. The groom was supported by Dr. Ghas Bouck, Calgary. The bride entered the parlor which was most tastefully decorated for the occasion, leaning on the arm of her father, the wedding march, (Mendelssohn) being played by Miss Edith MacDonald. After luncheon the happy young couple left on the evening train for the coast. The bride was dressed in a tailored travelling suit of navy blue serge with black picture hat with large French plume. After spending some weeks in Vancouver, and taking a part in a family re-union there, Mr and Mrs. Savage will visit Honolulu and a number of American cities and will spend the winter in Southern California returning to Calgary in the spring.

C.P.R. Will Sell No More Land to Speculators

A Toronto despatch says:—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company through J. S. Dennis, head of the department of natural resources made the announcement today that no land would be sold to speculators but would be sold direct to settlers from North America, the British Isles and Northern Europe. The company has seven millions of acres of unsold land.

In addition to this the company has decided to offer more favorable terms to settlers, giving them the privilege of paying the purchase price in twenty years instead of ten as heretofore. There will be the additional attraction of a loan of \$2000 if desired, also payable in twenty years with interest at six per cent. as in the case of the purchase price. This loan is designed to assist the settler in the erection of buildings.

The company also announces it will furnish the settler with livestock and poultry at cost price and will give the farmer the benefit of advice from experts at its demonstration farms.

During the past month there has been paid in fines \$32 by men who allowed their teams to run away in town. Most of the fines amounted to \$2.50, but the last reached \$5 and it is said that from now on the fines will be increased. This is a friendly warning to teamsters who leave their horses out on the streets. Some day someone will be seriously injured or killed and then the wisdom of these fines will be appreciated.

J. H. Wilson says that in all the years he has farmed in this district he never had such a fine crop of wheat as the past season and he is now an ardent believer in the virtues of Marquis wheat. He is quite convinced his wheat is better than the seed he purchased and it threshed 56 bushels to the acre. He sowed 24 bushels and has about 900 bushels in return. He is offering 800 bushels of his wheat for sale and invites any one to inspect it.

The Lethbridge News says, "There is also this to be said for this grand and glorious country of ours. It affords the men more opportunities for kissing the women than any other nation." Wonder just how the News man discovered this? If he will prove his assertion the bashful of this country will be devotedly thankful—yes, and, perhaps some of the benedicts will have a kind word for him. He might give some statistics on the subject and tell how and when the opportunities arrive. Why, come to think of it the News man could possibly solve the problem of obtaining wives for our thousands of homesteaders, for it is said there are many eastern girls just dying for a kiss and no doubt would start West at once when they learn this to be true.

Mrs. E. Thomas and children left Monday for Seattle to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dalton, formerly of Queenstown.

HE ADVERTISED AT LAST

There was a man in our town,
And he was wondrous wise:
He swore (it was his policy)
He would not advertise.
But one sad day he advertised,
And thereby hangs a tale,
The ad. was set in quite small type
And headed "Sheriff's Sale."

Remember the date of the Seed Grain Fair and don't fail to get a prize.

Dodds, the Calgary bigamist, was given two years with hard labor. By reports he took his sentence quite cheerfully, but by now he may have learned it harder work than he had in insuring lives around Gleichen. Here he was quite well known and a frequent visitor to town.

While in a Calgary restaurant the other day waiting for—of course it was a "plain steak"—a Gleichen man noticed the "writing on the wall". The first read "Oysters on shell." He smacked his lips, thought of "Backwards o' time in thy flight." The next read: "Notice the color of your hat." He noticed a black bean. The next was "We have furnished rooms upstairs." He thought again of the "steak", then his eye caught "oyster—hat—upstairs" and next moment he was en route for the station, thinking of Sinnot vs. Brocklebank. He arrived home safely, but is still questioning himself as—

Mr. W. A. Jowett, of Tete Jaune Cache, B.C., Stipendiary Magistrate for Yale and Cariboo Districts is visiting his relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Jowett, at the agency for the holidays.

Monday morning there were 12 grain cars shunted to the Gleichen elevators and as little grain has been coming in since the holidays started there is now plenty of room in the elevators.

Saturday morning the Fire Brigade reached Wm. Boos residence in just three and one-half minutes after the fire whistle sounded and extinguished a fire started by dropping a match in a close closet. Only a few hundred dollars damage was done but had it not been for the prompt action of Chief Roberts and the Fire Brigade there would have been serious results.

The Fire Brigade had a most successful ball last night—New Year's eve—more next issue.

The Gleichen Fire Brigade has arranged for a series of entertainments the proceeds will be devoted towards the funds of the brigade. The dates and other information will be given next week.

The Gleichen Hockey boys have had much fault to find with Old Sol and now that Jack Frost has a little chance in the small hours of the morning the boys are most enthusiastically taking advantage of the ice. The Bow Valley Hockey League schedule has been arranged. The games at Gleichen are all on Friday. The first at Gleichen will take place Friday evening with Bassano.

Boost the Fire Brigade. You may need their services some day.

Seed Grain Fair January 8th.

WANTED.—General Servant for ranch. Must be able to do good washing and ironing, also plain cooking. Wages \$25.00 per month. Apply, stating age, nationality, etc. to Mrs. Duncan Clark, Cluny Station, Alberta. 30

Canadian Pacific

Home Visitors' Excursions to United States Points.

Reduced Fares in effect December 1st to 31, 1912 to Minneapolis, Duluth, St. Paul, Chicago and many other points. Return limit, three months from date of sale.

For full particulars, apply to the local agent, or write to
R. C. McNEILLIE,
Dist. Passenger Agent
Calgary, Alta.

A Happy New Year

To All Our Customers

Gaudaur's Jewelry Store

Doten & Allen

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS

Expert Gasoline and Steam Installing and Rebuilding

Windmills and Pumps
Satisfaction Guaranteed

CLUNY, ALTA

MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under this heading cost 50 cents for first insertion and \$1 per month, when more than one item is included an additional charge is made. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

STRAY—Bay horse, weight about 1150 lbs, white saddle marks on back, branded on both shoulders indistinctly. Was turned in to Circle Farm, this summer and appeared to have been ridden very hard when first seen. Owner can have same by paying expenses, Apply O. T. Colquhoun, Circle Farm, Queenstown.

Farmers and Ranchers wanting cattle hay, I am shipping a car a week to Gleichen, apply to Nelson Irvine, Gleichen.

FOR SALE.—Pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels for sale at from \$5 to \$6 each delivered at Gleichen, the same stock has taken prizes in Gleichen for the last three years. Apply to H. B. Biggs, Rosebud P. O. 31

LOST—Black gelding, 4 white feet, 9 years old, height 14 2/3, wire cut on off hind foot, branded W near shoulder, Pinto, bay and white gelding, 8 years old, height 14 3/8, whitering round near eye, branded W near shoulder. \$20 reward each will be given for recovery. C. Bruce, Cluny. 20tf.

FOR RENT.—A new three roomed Cottage. Apply McKie & Henderson 40 tf.

FOR SALE.—White Wyandotte cockerels of heavy laying strain. Apply to C. D. Pogson, Box 175, Gleichen.

ROOMS.—Unfurnished rooms to let in Cosgrave Block. Apply Cosgrave & Notter. 37 tf.

FOR RENT.—6 roomed house. \$15 per month, apply CALL office. 38 tf.

REWARD—\$5 per head for information leading to the recovery of one tall bay gelding branded F left shoulder, 1 brown gelding branded F left shoulder, 1 bay gelding branded F left jaw, 1 grey gelding branded F left stifle, all saddled horses. Frank Hall, Rosebud, Alt.

ESTRAY.—A Hereford cow, gentle, branded J K (monogram) on right neck, with calf at foot is now Sec. 20, 21, 25, W. 4. Owner please claim. Address Walter J. McHugh, Mossleigh P. O., Alta.

FOR SALE.—800 Bushels Marquis Seed Wheat at market price. Apply to J. H. Wilson, Gleichen.

WANTED.—Second hand Harrow in good condition. Apply to D. Bienville, Ouelletville.

Gibson & Larkin

BAKERS

Gleichen. - Alta.

Canadian Pacific

Xmas and New Year Holidays

Free and One-third for Round Trip

Between all Stations, Port Arthur to Vancouver and Branches

Going dates Dec. 21, 1912 to Jan., 1913
Final return limit Jan. 6th, 1913

For further particulars apply to nearest agent or to

R. G. McNeillie
Dist. Pass. Agent, Calgary, Alt.

Canadian Pacific

Excursion Fares to Pacific Coast Points

Single Fare plus \$2.00 for round trip to

Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster

Special Low Round Trip Fares to LOS ANGELES, SAN DIEGO, SANTA BARBARA and SAN FRANCISCO

California, via Vancouver, Seattle, and Pacific Coast Steamship Line

Dates of Sale
Dec. 12, 13, 14, 1912, Jan. 17, 18, 19, 20, and Feb. 11, 12, 13, 1913

Return Limit, April 30, 1913
Liberal stop-overs. For full particulars apply to Local ticket agent or write to R. G. McNeillie, Dist. Passenger Agent, Calgary, Alta.

For Sale!

Good Gentle Milk Cows and Heifers

Just arrived from the East

APPLY TO

Wm. Treend, Gleichen

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP DISSOLUTION

Notice to the Public and to whom it may concern

The partnership heretofore existing in the firm name of Padley & Wilson is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All bills owed by this firm will on presentation of the proper vouchers be paid at my office in the Larkin Block.

All bills owed to this firm are now due and payable at the same place and I kindly ask prompt payment of same. To all bills not paid by January 1st, 1913, will be added 10 per cent for collection.

PADLEY & WILSON
C. H. Padley, Manager

Job Printing The Bow Valley Call

No job too large or small to receive prompt attention.

Note Heads
Memo Heads
Statements
Bill Heads
Posters of all sizes
Counter Check Books
Price Lists
Fly-leafs
Loose Leaf System Complete
Prospectus
Butter Wrappers
Shipping Tags
Invoice Envelope Tags
Voters Lists
Funeral Notices
Date Lines
Window Cards
Circulars
Receipt Forms
Note Forms
Business Cards
Visiting Cards
Invitation Cards
Wedding Invitations and Announcements
Wedding Cards
Birth Cards
Memorial Cards
Meal, Raffle and Milk Tickets
Envelopes
Letter Heads

Give the Call a Trial

....Cluny Nurseries....

The birthplace of the little trees that grow.

We are now ready to book your orders for sturdy, western grown trees, shrubs and flowers. Write to Cluny for catalogue or to

W. H. James, Gleichen Trading Co., Local Agent

The Pacific Cold Storage Co. At the Pioneer Market

Will buy

Your Hogs and Cattle

Your Chickens, Turkeys, Geese and Ducks

Your Eggs, Butter and Green Feed

Your Hay and Grain, Hides and Pelts

Highest Market Prices
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Chris Bartsch, Mgr

Happy New Year

To All Our customers

Our Dry Goods department is well filled with all kinds of useful and appropriate gifts, such as Fancy Neckwear, Belts, etc. Handsome Centerpieces, embroidered Hand chiefs and other articles too numerous to mention.

It will pay you to visit Our Hardware Department where we have on show a fine line of Cutlery and Plated Goods.

A choice selection of High-class Groceries is being shown in our Grocery Department.

THE GLEICHEN TRADING CO. LTD. GENERAL MERCHANTS

We Wish Our Customers
A Happy and Prosperous
New Year.

S. A. HALL

Successor to

BARCLAY & HALL